State Library

The People's Press.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM,

PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

Terms:—cash in Advance.

One copy one year.....$1 50
" " six months..... 75
" " three months..... 50

The People's Press.

Devoted to Politics, Literature, Agriculture, the Markets and General Information.

VOL. XXVII. SALEM, N. C., DECEMBER 18, 1879. NO. 51.

JOB PRINTING.

The Press Job Department is supplied with all necessary material and is fully prepared to do work with NEATNESS, DISPATCH, and at the

VERY LOWEST PRICES!

Be sure to give us a trial before contracting with any one else.

BIANCA CORENNI.

"Go away instantly, I say! Leave the place at once! We don't allow tramps around here!

The speaker was a kindly, good-natured farmer's wife. She stood before the door of her little white cottage, nestled among the New Hampshire hills, and with a gesture of impatience ordered the old organ-grinder and the little tamborine girl to leave her door. They turned to obey, when little Harry Thorne spoke up:

"Oh, mother, see the little girl! How thin and hungry she looks! And, mother, she looks like Lillie!"

Mrs. Thorne turned quickly. How strange she had not noticed it before. The little girl did surely look like her dead daughter. With tears in her eyes she drew the little girl toward her.

"What is your name, my child?" she asked.

"Bianca Correni, madam."

"Is she your child?" Mrs. Thorne next inquired of the organ grinder, who was evidently in the last stages of consumption.

"No," he said feebly. "She is just a nobody, without kith or kin, that I found in New York, and took her along for convenience."

The old man had hardly finished this sentence when he fell to the ground. Farmer Thorne arrived on the scene, lifted him up, but it was found that life was extinct.

Wild was Bianca's grief on being told that Guido was dead. He had been her only friend and protector from earliest remembrance.

The old man was buried by the town authorities, and then the question arose as to what was to be done with the child. "She must be sent to the Poor-house," they said.

"Must she go to the Poor-house, mother?" asked Harry.

"I am afraid so, my boy,"

"Oh, mother, don't send her there! Keep her in Lillie's place!"

Good Mrs. Thorne turned to the little girl, whose large, beautiful eyes pleaded so eloquently for love and protection. She thought of her own little child in the cold and silent tomb, and the thought flashed across her mind that Providence had sent this one in her place. Harry seemed to read her thoughts.

"Perhaps God sent her, mother," he said. "The poor little girl hasn't any father nor mother, and you haven't any little girl. Keep her, and let her be my little sister."

Farmer Thorne entered at this moment and Harry turned to him. The farmer's large heart had already gone out to the little stranger, and he decided at once to adopt her; and thus "in Lillie's place" she was installed in the Thorne family.

Years passed quietly away, and Bianca grew into a winsome maiden. Admirers she had many, but none never were more devoted than her adopted brother.

One winter a Fair was given in the village, and Bianca had in charge the flower table. A regular customer each night was a tall, dark gentleman, about 40 years old, who watched her every motion with intense gaze. The village folk were puzzled at this stranger. No one knew his name nor anything concerning him. Every night found him at the Fair. At times he would start impulsively toward Bianca's table, hesitate, then purchase a bouquet and leave the hall. The village girls jested with Bianca about her unknown, and the young men viewed him with jealous eyes.

The last night of the Fair was to be the gala night, and a play was to be performed. Now it happened that the leading character of the play was an Italian dancing girl, and the part was given to Bianca. The dark stranger was there as usual. He watched the play with undisguised disgust until Bianci entered with her tambourine in her hand. He started forward in great surprise. She sang a wild, plaintive melody, and began a fantastic dance. At this the stranger leaped to his feet with a low cry. All eyes were turned in that direction, and he fell back in his seat as white as marble.

Early the next morning the Thornes were surprised by a visit from the stranger. His words were abrupt and to the point.

"Pardon my intrusion, sir and madam. I am an Italian composer, traveling for my health. At the Fair last night I saw your daughter perform a wonderful song and dance; will you tell me where she learned it?"

The farmer stared at his wife, but neither spoke for a moment.

"Well, really, sir," he at length replied, "I can hardly tell you that. Bianca danced that way and sang that song when she first came to us, which is nigh unto nine years ago."

"Then she is not your child?" cried the stranger, in great excitement.

"No, no! She is an adopted child, although we love her as if she had been born to us."

"For heaven's sake, tell me all you know concerning her."

Thus entreated, the farmer related the story. When he had finished, the man grasped his hand, while the tears streamed down his cheeks.

"Mr. Thorne," he said, "the girl is my daughter. I can prove it," he said, noticing the look of incredulity on the faces of his hearers. "Fifteen years ago, my little daughter, then a child of 3 years, was stolen from me. The song which she last night sang was a composition of my own, and I taught her the accompanying dance. When I arrived in this village, a few days ago, I was struck with the resemblance of this girl to my wife, who has been dead many years. When I saw her performance I was satisfied that she was my child, as no one else in this world knows that song but myself. The name, too, is the same, Bianca Corenni. Thank God, my daughter is found at last!"

Great was the excitement in the village when it was known that Farmer Thorne's adopted daughter had found her father, and that he was a gentleman of wealth and distinction. It was a severe blow to the Thorn's however, for they had really learned to love this girl as if she were their own. Harry suffered the most, he knew that in losing Bianca he had lost all he had to live for.

The day of parting came. Signor Corenni and his daughter were to sail for sunny Italy, perhaps never to return.—Harry stood with his mother and father on the piazza, taking leave of the travelers. The poor boy's eyes were filled with tears as Bianca took his hand to bid him farewell.

"Don't look so gloomy, Harry dear!" she sobbed. "I shall surely come back some time—indeed I will—so don't weep, dear brother."

The manly fellew brushed away his tears and tried to smile. Then slipping a slender ring on her finger, he said:

"Keep it dear, until you find another who loves you more than I do; then throw it away."

A few more words he said, which brought the deep blush to her cheeks; then the stage driver sounded his horn; Mrs. Thorne clasped her in her arms for a last farewell, her father lifted her into the vehicle, and it rolled away. The farmer's family watched it out of sight, and when they returned to the house it seemed as though the last ray of sunlight had departed.

Four years passed and brought continued misfortunes to the Thornes. First their house was burned to the ground, the farmer lost his health, and finally died. It was found, on settling up his estate, that scarcely anything was left for the widow; and they finally went to New York, where they took apartments in a tenement house, and Harry found a clerkship in a dry goods house on a small salary.

For awhile letters came regularly from Bianca; they spoke in glowing terms of her beautiful home and of her father's great love for her. "And yet I am not happy, dear mother," she wrote. "I miss you all so much! Papa gave me a magnificent diamond necklace yesterday, but I would willingly give it for one day at the dear old farm again."

After a time the letters came less frequently, till now it was nearly a year since they had heard from her.

* * * * *

It was Christmas eve, and Harry was hurrying home to spend the evening with his beloved mother, when he was overtaken by his friend, Fred Crosby.

"Just the fellow I want to see!" said the latter. I have a couple of tickets to the opera to-night; you must come with me.'

"No, Fred, I cannot. I promised my dear old mother I'd be home early to-night," replied Harry firmly.

"My dear boy, you must come with me! It may be your only chance to hear the new prima donna. They say she's divine. Everybody is raving about her. Surely you will not miss a chance to see Bianca Corenni?"

"Bianca Corenni!" cried Harry, in amazement.

"Yes, the new prima donna, you know. And here we are now. Come on—you shall see her!"

Without a word more Harry suffered himself to be led into the opera house. As one in a dream he took his seat. Bianca Corenni a prima donna! What could it mean?

He had not long to wait. The curtain arose and revealed to his startled gaze Bianca—his Bianca—on the stage, and fairly ablaze with jewels. The house shook with the thunder of applause which greeted her. Harry devoured her features. Yes, it was his own adopted sister, the little tambourine girl, now the idol of the public. "And the poor farmer's son forgotten, forever," he thought, bitterly.

But his heart gave a great throb as he noticed on one slender finger a circlet of plain gold; it was the ring he had given her when they parted; he knew it at once.

"She wears it, although she has forgotten me," he thought.

"Magnificent creature, eh?" said his friend, noticing his admiration. "Not at all like the rest of them—all paint and powder on the stage and frightful to behold when you approach near enough to penetrate through the disguise."

At that moment Harry fancied he caught the singer's eye. For a moment he saw her start and gasp convulsively, but only for a moment, then she went right on with her delightful music.

He was right; she had seen and recognized him.

Just before the curtain fell on the last act Harry felt a light touch on his shoulder. Turning quickly, he saw a boy, who passed him a card, on which was written in a delicate hand, which he recognized at once:

"Will Mr. Thorne please follow this little boy for the sake of an interview with Bianca?"

Fred. Crosby must have thought his friend insane, for he seized his hat and started after the boy without a word of explanation or excuse.

Arriving behind the scenes, he was ushered into a pretty room, and found himself face to face with Bianca.

"Harry, my dear brother!" she cried, rushing toward him joyously. Have you forgotten your little sister?"

"Forgotten you, Bianca? I think it is you who have forgotten me. It is a year since we have received a line from you, replied Harry, reproachfully.

"A year! Why, Harry, I wrote by every mail until we left Europe, and since arriving in America papa has visited the old village home, but he could learn nothing of you. Oh, Harry, why did you hide yourself from me!' But do tell me of my darling mother; is she well? Does she ever think of me? she rattled on, not waiting for a reply. "Will she be glad to see me? Say, Harry, would she like me for a Christmas guest?"

Poor Harry's face flushed. How could he tell this beautiful creature that they lived in three rooms in a tenement house?

"We occupy small and humble quarters now, Bianca—mademoiselle," he stammered. "If you could put up with us, I that is—she—"

Bianca's merry voice interrupted the confused speech.

"I'm well used to a humble life, Harry. I have not forgotten the life your good parents rescued me from. I am Bianca Thorne and a tambourine girl still. See!" and she caught up a tambourine which belonged to a ballet girl and beginning one of her wild dances which Harry admired when she was a child, danced into the arms of her father, who was just entering the room.

"Oh, papa!" she cried, "I have found Harry, and we are going to his house to spend Christmas, and it will be just such a dear old Christmas as we used to have at the good old farm!"

She had her way, and the great prima donna spent her Christmas in the humble tenement house, and assisted her hostess in her domestic duties.

The two weeks that Bianca remained in the city she was a constant visitor at the Thorne's house, and the day before she was to leave for Europe again she placed in Mrs. Thorne's hands a deed of their lost farm. She would hear no objection nor receive any thanks.

"It is only a slight recompense for your great kindness, mother, dear," she said. "I shudder now when I think what might have happened to me had it not been for you. You will be glad to have the dear old home again, and when Harry marries it will be a pretty place for his wife," she murmured, in a scarcely audibly voice.

"My child, Harry will never marry now," was the reply.

"Never marry, mother! Why not?"

"Because he loves a lady so far above him in life that he has not the courage to ask her hand in marriage."

Bianca made no reply, though she knew by the dear mother's tell-tale face who the lady was.

That night Harry attended their guest back to her hotel.

"Why don't you get married, Harry?" she asked him bluntly.

The poor fellow flushed and then paled.

"Your mother told me you loved a lady above you in the social scale," she continued, not noticing his embarrassment. "Why don't you tell her of your love? 'Nothing venture, nothing have,' you know."

Still no reply.

"Harry," she whispered, slipping her hand in his, "I wear your ring still. Do you remember what you said when you put it on my finger? Oh, you stupid boy. Can't you see that I love you?" And she turned to hide her face.

But he caught her in his arms, and the sweet blushing face found a hiding place on his broad shoulder.

"Bianca, my darling, precious one, is it true? Can you love me? Oh, say those sweet words once more!"

She was sobbing now.

"It is true. Oh, Harry, I know it was bold and unmaidenly, but I couldn't think of losing you forever."

"Heaven bless you, my darling little—wife!" he murmured, pressing her yet closer to his heart, and kissing her passionately.

And here let us leave them in the fullness of their love.

A STARTLING SCENE.

BLOODTHIRSTY UTES AND ARMED WHITES FACING EACH OTHER.

A Highly Exciting Time Before the Commission at Los Pinos--Knives Drawn--Ouray's Action.

Washington Post, 10th.

DENVER, Col., Dec. 9.—Special dispatches to the Denver *Tribune* from Los Pinos, dated the 6th, represent that on Saturday there were some decidedly animated occurrences at the commissioner's meeting. After Jack had declined to inform the commissioners what Indians were concerned in the White river massacre, the Indians retired to Ouray's house to debate what course to pursue. No Indians appeared at the agency until Saturday, but they seem to have been at Ouray's in conducting the wildest dance and in making fiery speeches. A man was sent from the agency to Ouray's with feed for the horses of the Indians' and judged from the noise on the inside that the Indians were greatly excited. Those he saw were bedecked in feathers and war-paint. He was so frightened that he turned back and did not deliver the hay. On Saturday at noon, the Utes came into the agency and took seats inside the agency building. Jack, Colorow and twelve other White River Utes and of course, Ouray (having been among the Indians) were present. When the Indians and commissioners had taken seats General Hatch made an address, setting forth the full demands of the commissioners, their right to make demands and the patience already exercised with the Utes. "To-day," he said, "is your last chance. We will wait no longer. We want your final answer and we want no evasions." A list of Utes, charged by the agency women with taking part in the massacre, was then read, and the question put by General Hatch:

"Will you surrender the men whose names are in this paper to be tried and if guilty be punished, and if innocent acquitted?"

The question was put twice, and after consultation evasive answers were returned both times. When the question was repeated the third time Ouray replied without consulting the other Utes:

"How do we know that these Indians you name were at the White river at the time of the massacre? Or even if they were, how do we know that they were concerned in it. These women mentioned names which came first to their lips, whether they knew them to be present or not. We cannot depend on what they say."

"That is what we depend on," said General Hatch.

General Adams then addressed the Indians making a speech of over an hour's duration, saying among other things that the commissioners did not want to punish Colorow, Jack and others who took part in the Thornburgh fight, but the cowardly dogs who participated in the massacre of unarmed men at the agency. He closed by saying:

"We want those Utes, and we will have them."

The Indians held a conversation in a low tone of voice among themselves, but did not seem inclined to reply at all. Then General Hatch again arose and asked whether the guilty Indians were to be surrendered, saying that he had made his last appeal. No one moved or spoke for a few moments, then Colorow lighted a big pipe, the "pipe of peace." Each Indian present drew his knife and laid it on his knees, the question of peace or war being the one pending. Colorow then passed the pipe to the next man without smoking, and it went round the circle. When the circle was finished he jumped to his feet, straightened up to his full height, pulled his belt around until the knife-sheath was in front, and snatching the knife out, threw it quivering and ringing upon the floor. Instantly every Indian present laid his hand upon his knife or pistol, the whites following their example. The two parties stood fronting and defying each other for some moments, each waiting for the other to make some forward movement. There were only six white men in the room, while the Indians numbered twenty-five, though there were fifteen soldiers in an adjoining room. Finally Ouray spoke.

"We cannot deliver up those Indians unless they are tried in Washington. They must not be tried in Colorado. Colorado people are all our enemies, and to give them up to be tried in this State would be to surrender them to a mob who would hang them. We will bring those twelve men here for you to see, and then those whom you decide guilty shall be taken to Washington, and the President shall determine their guilt or innocence. Douglass will have to go; we know he was in the White river troubles and you shall decide who else. Upon this condition and no other will we surrender the twelve men."

The chief spoke with great boldness. Ouray added that it would require about a week to bring the men in. General Hatch told him that he accepted the proposition as far as bringing the men in was concerned, but as for taking them to Washington he would have first to telegraph to Secretary Schurz to get permission to do so before he could agree to take the Indians East. Colorow and Jack were immediately dispatched to bring in the twelve named, including Douglass and Persune. They said they would return in five days. After they had gone Ouray again spoke, reiterating his belief that the Utes could not get justice in Colorado and could only get it in Washington.

"You three," said Ouray, meaning General Hatch and Adams and their legal adviser, Valois, "are all my enemies. I am one against three. You are all Colorado or New Mexico men, and a French devil. I have not one friend among you. You will not give me justice, and that is why I want to go to Washinhton, where I can, at least, have one friend."

Nazareth as It Is.

Nazareth, as compared with other towns of this unhappy and down-trodden land of Palestine, improves upon acquaintance. It is better, has more decent houses, and shows more industry and thrift than any of the miserable villages I have passed through since I left Jerusalem, with the exception of Naples. It is the chief commercial town of Galilee and the mart of exchange between the merchants of Acre and Caiffa and the Bedawin. Viewed from the top of the hill to which in all probability it formerly extended, it presents a pleasing appearance while the view from the hill is one of the most extensive and charming I have seen in the East. Renan, in his "Life of Jesus," says that no place in the world was so well adapted to the dreams of absolute happiness. The women of Nazareth are the most beautiful in all Palestine, with the exception of the women in Bethlehem, where nearly the whole population is Christian. They certainly contrast favorably with the ignorance and degradation of women in the purely Mohammedan villages. They wear around their forehead and face a roll of silver coins called "semedi," to which our Saviour alludes in the parable of the lost piece of silver (Luke xv.) They walk the street unveiled and mostly barefooted, and gather every morning and evening around the marble trough of the Virgin's Fountain," gossiping and quarreling, and filling their large water jars, which they carry very gracefully on their heads. I was touched by a beautiful little girl that took me by the hand and imploringly looked up to me as if she had lost her father or mother.

Wall Street, New York.

Across the island of New York, in 1685, a wall made of stone and earth, and cannon mounted, was built to keep off savages. Along by that wall a street was laid out, and as the street followed the line of the wall it was appropriately called Wall Street. It is narrow, it is short, it is unarchitectual, and yet its history is unique. Except in Lombard street, London, it is *the mightiest street* on this planet. There the government of the United States was born. There Washington held his levees. There Mrs. Adams and Caldwell and Knox and other brilliant women of the Revolution displayed their charms. There Witherspoon and Jonathan Edwards and George Whitefield sometimes preached. There Dr. Mason chided Alexander Hamilton for writing the Constitution of the United States without any God in it.

There negroes were sold in the slave mart. There criminals were harnessed to the wheelbarrows and, like beasts of burden, compelled to draw, or were lashed through the street behind carts to which they were fastened. There fortunes have come to coronation or burial, since the day when reckless speculators, in powdered hair and silver shoe buckles, dodged Dugan, the Governor General of his Majesty, clear down to yesterday at three o'clock.

The history of wall street to a certain extent is the financial, commercial, agricultural, mining, literary, artistic, moral and religious history of this country. Only a few blocks long, it has reached from the Canadas to the Gulf of Mexico, from San Francisco to Bangor. There are the best men in this country, and there are the worst. Everything, from unswerving integrity to tip-top scoundrelism, everything, from heaven-born charity to bloodless Shylockism.—*Extract of Sermon of Dr. Talmage.*

A Civil Damage Case.

The story of a lady of Jones county, Iowa, well illustrates that it is not impossible to remedy by law some part of a wife's loss through her husband's intemperance. The early years of her marriage were happy and prosperous. Her husband was possessed of considerable property, and was successful in a business from which he realized an income of fifteen hundred dollars a year. But habits of intemperance fastened themselves upon him. He does not appear to have been a gross drinker of spirits; wine and beer were his principal enemies, but these, excessively as he used them, impaired his powers, unfitted him for labor, and rendered him a confirmed drunkard. There were in the town no less than eight saloons, which he frequented in turn, and upon which, after his earnings had dwindled to nothing, he was squandering his capital. The wife visited the saloon keepers and urged them to cease supplying her husband with liquor. Some of them assented; but the husband on learning why it was refused him, declared to her that if the prohibition were not removed he would abandon her and carry away their child. Under this compulsion she went with him to the saloons and reluctantly gave some consent that liquor might be sold to him. When she had done this her prospects must have seemed dark. But just in time for her relief the law was passed, declaring that the seller of liquor shall pay for the harm it does. She brought lawsuits against the eight saloon keepers for the harm done her in making her husband a drunkard, and reducing her from affluence to poverty. Most of them paid her something to stop the suits. One of them stood out and resisted her to the end. The end was that the jury condemned him to pay ten thousand dollars to reimburse the money her husband had squandered, and two thousand more by way of punishment. The dealer complained of this as unjust because he only sold beer and wine, and the wife gave him leave to do so; and because twelve thousand dollars was too much in any case. The judges said that it was no matter what he sold so that the husband was made a drunkard by it; that he might have known that a wife coming with her husband to say that he might buy liquor only came because he compelled her to do so, and did not really mean it; and that twelve thousand was not at all too much, considering the property and income the husband had lost.

This sort of law, declaring that the seller of liquor shall pay for the harm it does, is what is called a civil damage law.

An Arkansas Cyclone.

Mr. Burr, who met with such severe treatment by the cyclone that passed by this place on the 8th, visited us last Wednesday. From him we receive this additonal information:

I was about 200 yards from my house when I saw it coming. It was in the prairie when I saw it and it looked like black smoke from a large furnace. Its shape was like a funnel, inside it was as red as fire, and around this was the black foggy mist. In looking at it I saw large and small timber carried along with it. My attention was attracted by the roaring as it was coming in the direction of my house; I ran to it, for the purpose of protecting my family.

I put my three children in a side room among some corn, and with Sylvester Ball was holding the door, when all at once the whole building was crushed to the very ground, by large trees being blown against it. It blew me about sixty feet, and when I became conscious I found myself among a lot of timber and logs, and Sylvester was lying by my side—dead; his head and whole body were crushed. As I was on my way to the house I looked again at the cyclone when it was about one hundred yards away, I saw it lift and carry away a lot of hogs and a cow. The children when found were not more than thirty feet from where I had placed them, but none hurt. My wife was considerably bruised, being blown about sixty yards, among a lot of timber.

My sister-in-law was carried about fifty feet and thrown to the ground, her arm and shoulders badly bruised.

My blacksmith shop was blown flat to the ground, my bellows entirely destroyed, all my planes, augers, saws and chisels were carried off and have not yet been found, with the exception of one saw fonnd one mile from the shop broken in two pieces. My wagon was torn up badly the front wheels being about sixty yards from where the wagon stood, lodged against a stump; the hind wheels were both smashed up, the wagon bed has not yet been found except some splinters. All my bedding and wearing apparel was carried off and entirely destroyed. I lost all my provisions.—*Fort Smith Independent.*

The Colored Exodus.

We have purposely refrained from cautioning our colored people against the danger of the exodus movement, firmly believing that the scheme would prove a disgusting failure, even to the colored people; and our expectations are about to be realized. So far, altogether about 200 "exodusters" have left this vicinity, mostly from the LaGrange section, where the subject was agitated by the notorious Sam Perry. The first installment of them left here about three weeks ago for the Greencastle section of Indiana, and another party of about 150 has since followed.

A week ago we published a telegram received here from Chas. Ried, one of the first lot, advising the colored people here not to come to Indiana but to remain here. Since then a colored man, named Junius Smith, at LaGrange, has received a letter from his brother, Allen Smith, who accompanied the first crowd to Greencastle. He gives a woeful account of their condition, and begs for money to enable him to return to North Carolina. And what is the most distressing part of the whole affair is that Allen's family have, since followed him to Indiana, having left here a few days prior to the receipt of his letter.

Only a few days ago we had the pleasure of meeting a gentleman from the Wabash section of Indiana. He claimed to be a Republican, and also a farmer, but appeared emphatic in his opposition to the negro exodusters coming to Indiana. He feared that their coming would antagonize the white laborers and lead to trouble; that for one he would not employ negroes on his farm for fear he would be burned out by the antagonized whites. He also lamented the colored exodus, because their children would be deprived of the benefit of schools, as under no circumstances would the whites admit them to their schools. Believing that the exodus movement was a Radical scheme to Radicalize Indiana, we expressed our surprise at his opposition to the scheme, but were readily answered that instead of Radicalizing Indiana, the settling of negro laborers in the State would work results just the contrary; that many of the white laboring classes who affiliate with the Republicans would thereby be antagonized to that party and go over to the opposition. These ideas, coming as they do from an Indiana man, and a Republican at that, are well worthy pondering by our colored friends. They contain more truth than fancy.—*Goldsboro Messenger.*

An Esteemed Lady of Greensboro Drowns Herself in a Well.

The town of Greensboro was greatly stirred up on Sunday, 7th inst., by a melancholy and deplorable occurrence which came to light there on the morning of that day. During the night before Mrs. Caldwell, an esteemed lady of the place, and widow of the late Newton Caldwell, Esq., an old and highly esteemed citizen, disappeared from her dwelling. Her two daughters, the eldest not quite grown, discovered her absence early in the morning and informed the neighbors. An ineffectual search was made for her for several hours, but at last her body was found in a well in in the back yard. It showed no signs of violence, and this with other circumstances compelled the belief that she destroyed her own life, but exactly how the deed was done is still a mystery. It is supposed, however, that she entered the well through a hole in the frame, went down by means of the pump shaft, and drowned herself.

Since the death of her husband, which occurred a year or two ago, Mrs. Caldwell had been very melancholy at times, and it is said once informed her children that she went to a creek near the town for the purpose of putting an end to her life by drowning, but felt that she could not leave them, and finally decided to return. On the night of her death she got up from her bed and attempted to go out of the house, but was discovered by one of her daughters and persuaded to retire again. Later, when the remainder of the household were asleep, she was enabled to carry out what was in all probability her design in the first instance.

Mrs. Caldwell was a member of the Presbyterian Church and greatly beloved by those who knew her. She is a native, we believe, of Cabarrus county, and has near relatives living in Charlotte.—*Chartotte Observer.*

—Efforts are being made to secure the holding of both Democratic and Republican National Conventions at Chicago next year. The Exposition managers promise to fit up that building with seats for 29,000 persons, and offer it free. The railroads generally offer half fare rates and other inducements. It is stated that 130 hotels, capable of accommodating more guests than the same number in any other city, are within a mile of the court-house.

—DICTIONARIES—Webster's Unabridged and National Pictorial Dictionaries at the Salem Bookstore.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1879.

[Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at Salem, N. C.]

THE PEOPLE'S PRESS
FOR 1880.

$1.50 A YEAR.

The PRESS will enter its twenty-eighth (28th) volume on January 1st, 1880.

New twelve months cash subscribers, commencing in November or December, will receive their papers from date to end of 1880 for $1.50.

Now is the time to subscribe. Next year will be an exciting one in the politics of the country, and it will be our endeavor to make the PRESS more interesting and entertaining than ever.

If sufficient encouragement be received, various improvements will be made.

Persons wishing to act as Agents will hear something to their advantage, if they write us at once.

Send for instructions and terms.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM,

Salem, N. C., Nov. 18, 1879.

THE WEEK OF PRAYER.

The following is the Programme recommended by the Evangelical Alliance to the churches of the United States for the observance of the coming Week of Prayer:

Sunday, Jan. 4.—Sermons on the "Fullness of Christ's Salvation."

Monday, Jan. 5.—Thanksgiving for the blessings of the past year, and prayer for their continuance.

Tuesday, Jan. 6.—Confession of sin, and humiliation before God.

Wednesday. Jan, 7.—Prayer for the Church of Christ, its ministers, its growth in grace, and its enlargement; and for revivals of religion throughout our country.

Thursday, Jan. 8.—Prayer for Christian education; for the family, and institutions of learning; for Sunday schools, and Christian Associations.

Friday, Jan. 9.—Prayer for nations, rulers and people; for peace and religious liberty.

Saturday, Jan. 10.—Prayer for Home and Foreign Missions; for the out pouring of the Spirit upon all flesh, and the conversion of the world.

POLL TAX.—In this county, the colored vote as shown by the Registration books is 776. Kernersville, Lewisville and Old towm townships not being included, the registration books not having been returned to the register of Deeds office.

Of the 776 colored voters 282 pay their poll tax and 494 pay nothing.

It is not, perhaps, a very popular idea, but we, nevertheless, believe that justice demands that every voter, not exempt, should present his tax receipt previous to casting his ballot.

For instance, in Winston there are 359 colored voters, and only 25 pay their poll tax. These 359 may "hold the balance of power" at elections, and yet bear none of the burden of taxation.

Our attention has been drawn to this matter by an article in the *Leader*.

Organization of the National Agricultural Society.

NEW YORK, December 10.—The agricultural convention for the formation of a national agricultural society met this morning at the Metropolitan Hotel. About 150 delegates were present, representing the States of New York, Iowa, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Illinois, Georgia, North Carolina, Texas, New Hampshire, Minnesota, Vermont, Maryland, Deleware, Ohio, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Maine, Arkansas, Virginia, and the District of Columbia. A temporary organization was affected by the election of General N. M. Curtis, of New York, as chairman, and M. J. Lawrence, of New York, Prof. E A. Carmen, of Washington, and Prof. A. R. Ledoux, of North Carolina, secretaries. J. H. Beall, chairman of the committee on organization, read an address setting forth the objects aimed at by the convention. The committee on organization then reported a constitution for the proposed society, providing that its name be "The American Agricultural Association," and stating that its objects are to protect, promote and develop agriculture in the whole country, in all its branches, and the interests of those engaged therein and closly connected therewith. The report will be acted on at the afternoon session.

THE BINGHAM SCHOOL.—We are in receipt of the catalogue of Bingham School for 1879. The number for the current session the 171st) is 50 per cent. ahead of the last and 25 per cent. ahead of any former session. Every Southern State, we believe, is represented and also New York and Wisconsin, Brazil and Siam.

The catalogue claims that the culture of the faculty is broader, the discipline and instruction better, the satisfaction given to pupil and patron greater, than ever before. The prize and scholarship features are new and so is a Leipsic Ph. D. among the teachers of a Southern school. The increase from 103 in 1876, 122 in 1877, 142 in 1878 to 167 in 1879 is very significant. Board is $12 per month, tuition $50 per session. See advertisement.

From Washington.

In Congress a joint resolution was introduced proposing an amendment to the Constitution providing that after the 4th of March, 1885, the President and Vice-President shall hold their offices for six years, and shall be ineligible for more than one term consecutively, and that members of Congress shall be elected for three years.

A bill to refer all Southern claims on account of the war to the Court of Claims.

Gen. Burnside delivered a speech in the Senate in support of the Monroe Doctrine, from which it appears that he opposed any improvement like Nicaragua canal to be controlled by foreign powers.

Senator Harris has introduced a bill relative to Deputy Marshals. It provides that the Deputy Marshals shall be appointed by the Circuit Judges instead of the United States Marshals, and that the Democrats shall have an equal show with the Republicans in their appointment.

Mr. Cabell of Virginia, has introduced in the House a bill appropriating $40,000 for the improvement of Dan River between Clarksville, Va., and Danbury, N. C., which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

The burden of conversation among Northern and Western men is the contraction of the currency and destruction of the greenback as a legal tender for private debt. Political parties are sub-dividing on the latter question, Southern men generally seeming strongly inclined to settle down in favor of it under the leadership of Mr. Bayard, while Western men, almost without exception, grow stronger in opposition, and they count with confidence upon polling a large part of the Southern vote in the House when the subject comes to be discussed thoroughly. Some representatives from the South are decidedly against any change in the existing law during this session, and it is around that nucleus that Western Democrats expect to gather enough to defeat anything like the Bayard resolution. Republicans generally seem to prefer the Carpenter resolution as an easy way to escape any apparent party division that might result from affirmative action. That resolution simply recites that reasonable expectation that the present happy condition of the finances will not be disturbed by "precipitate legislation" has been followed by restoration of business confidence and prosperity, therefore any material change in the existing system of finance would be inexpedient during the present session. The let-well-enough-alone crowd is pretty large and very active. The other crowd, so many of them as train with the Democratic party, are handicapped with the incident that Sherman and the President have marked out as the policy of the Administration the proposition Mr. Bayard fathers in the Senate.

The Committee on Banking and Currency are almost unanimous in favor of a bill, which they have directed the Chairman to report, requiring National banks to keep their reserves in standard gold and silver coins of the United States "in lieu of lawful money." By its terms the bill is made to apply to eighteen cities, including Baltimore, Richmond, Charleston, New Orleans and Washington, only, in the South. It requires that every bank and banking association in either of the cities named "shall at all times have on hand in lawful money of the United States, one-half of which shall be in standard gold or in silver coins of the United States, an amount equal to at least twenty-five per centum of the aggregate amount of its notes in circulation and of its deposits." One effect of this measure would be to absorb about forty-seven millions of gold and silver, and release for circulation an equal amount of legal tenders now held as bank reserves.

An amendment was adopted which strikes out the requirement for the maintenance of a reserve of 25 per cent, on the amount of circulation, and makes this provision applicable to deposits only.

A Democratic member of the committee on appropriations said that the delay of the committee in making appropriations for the marshals, who were not provided for last session, was entirely intentional, as the committee desired to wait until the United States Supreme Court had rendered its decisions in wh at are known as the Baltimore and Cincinnati "election cases," which involve the constitutionality of the Federal election laws authorizing the appointment of deputy marshals on election days.

The sub-committee of the House Committee on Agriculture reported favorably to the full committee this morning on House bill providing for the repeal of so much of the sixth class of section 3,244 of the revised statutes as prohibits farmers and planters from selling leaf tobacco at retail directly to consumers without paying a special tax, and allowing them to sell such tobacco of their own production to other persons than manufacturers without tax. The committee instructed its chairman to report the bill to the House.

Both Houses agreed to adjourn from the 19th instant to the 6th of January.

LATEST FROM WASHINGTON.

The Baltimore *Sun* of the 12th learns that the two appropriation committees are in entire accord as to the necessity and expediency of framing all the appropriation bills at the very earliest day possible, and thus securing a speedy adjournment.

A member of the Senate Committee remarked "when once we get the appropriation bills out of the way, nothing under heaven can keep Congress here.

We hope the Democratic members will unite on a short session, as the best policy to be pursued under existing circumstances.

WASHINGTON, December 13th.—Mr. Reagan's amendment to the fortification bill appropriating 50,000 dollars for batteries for the defence of the Galveston harbor, was adopted, and not rejected, as erroneously stated. It was his amendment striking out the provision for the conversion of smooth bore cannon into rifles which was rejected.

The House committee on Indian affairs adopted Mr. Bedford's resolution calling on the Secretary of the Interior for correspondence relative to the Indian trouble, also Mr. Scale's resolution instructing the committee on Indian affairs to investigate the cause of the recent Ute outbreak, and the Senate resolution to appoint a Commission with the view of a removal of the Utes was also adopted with some amendments.

The Weather Abroad.

LONDON, December 11.—The weather continues severe throughout the kingdom.

PARIS, December 11.—The Seine has not been completely frozen over until now since 1861.

VIENNA, December 11.—So hard and continued frosts so early in the season have not been experienced here since 1838.

ROME, December 11.—Much snow has fallen in Sicily and Calabrai, rendering communication difficult. Bread riots have occurred in the district of Ravinua in consequence of the general distress.

BERLIN, December 11.—The cold is still intense. In upper Silecia, where the famine prevails, the thermometer was marked at twelve degrees below zero Fahrenheit on Tuesday last.

STORM IN THE WEST.—A dispatch from Denver Territory says the wildest gale in the memory of the oldest inhabitant is sweeping from Bismarck to Duluth, and probably extends over an area four hundred miles square. It has snowed heavily. There are drifts four feet deep and a foot of snow on the level. The air is so thick with flying flakes that buildings are not visible a block off. It is worth a man's life to attempt to face the "blizzard" for any considerable length of time. Trains on the railroads are all delayed. It is feared that there will be bad news from the settlers on the prairies.—*Raleigh Observer.*

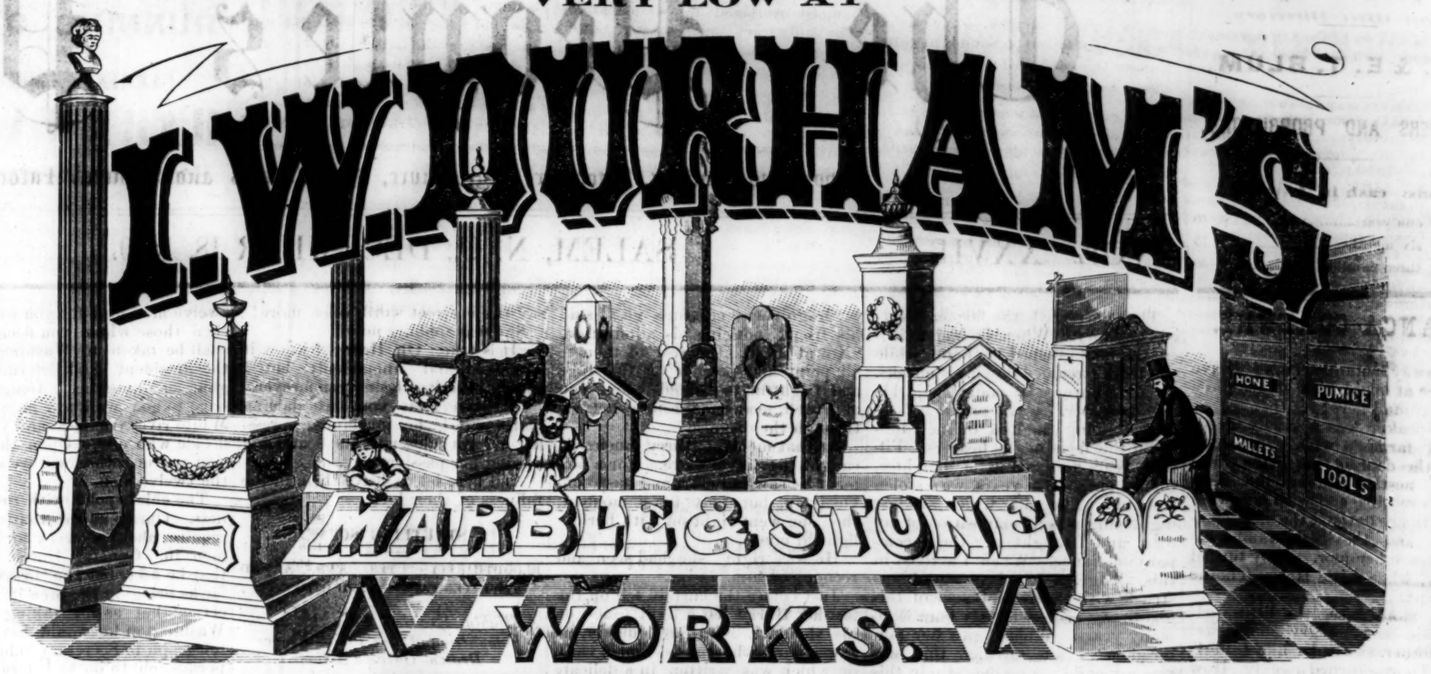
FLOOD IN AUSTRIA, December, 12—Nearly all of the rivers and brooks in Transylvania have overflowed their banks, laying under water vast tracts of the country and destroying bridges, houses, interrupting communications, sweeping away farming utensils, cattle and grain. In some cases the inhabitants were for days on trees and roofs of houses awaiting rescue.

RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 13.—The Readjusters in caucus lass night nominated General William Mahone for United States Senator to succeed Senator Withers, whose term expires March 4, 1881. The nomination was made by acclamation.

JOHN RANDOLPH.—The remains of John Randolph, of Roanoke, were disinterred last week, and removed to Hollywood cemetery in Richmond.

MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES

VERY LOW AT



WINSTON, N. C.

Call and examine Work, or write for Price List and Designs. Satisfaction always given.

KERNERSVILLE ITEMS.

Abel Shields and Mrs Shields, and their son Harper, who have been on a visit to Kernersville, returned to their home in Indiana. They are native North Carolinians.

J. W. Beard killed some twelve hogs averaging 349 lbs each.

Prof Whittington takes charge of Kernersville High School.

Wild turkeys are plentiful, a citizen having killed 3 on the 15th.

A young man trapped and shipped to Richmond 200 rabbits, from which he realized about twenty dollars. Are preparing for a merry Christmas.

[Will attend to our correspondents suggestion next week. Columns full this week.]

—In the Van Buren, Arkansas, *Press* appears an article urging the name of Hon. Jesse Turner for the position of Chief Justice of Arkansas. The eminent jurist was born and raised in this State, near the present town of Graham, and emigrated out West about forty-five year ago.

STATE NEWS.

Raleigh *Observer*, 27th: Major James C. McRae, of Fayetteville, deposited fifty dollars in the Citizen's Bank yesterday. It was handed him by one whose name will never be known, and it will go to the orphans at Oxford.

A FARMER AMONG A THOUSAND.—Mr. James Puckett, of Long Creek township, Mecklenburg county, is in some respects a very remarkable farmer. He has supported a wife and raised a family of eight children on a two-horse farm, and never bought a bushel of corn or wheat, a pound of meat or a particle of flour or meal or anything else which could be raised on a farm. He and his are well-to-do, intelligent and contented people, and are worth something to society as proof of what honesty, industry and economy can accomplish.—*Char. Obs.*

Raleigh *Observer*, Wednesday: A late act of the Legislature authorized the exchange of stock in the Albemarle & Chesapeake Canal Company for bonds. $100,000 of the old bonds were brought in by Colonel Marshall Parks, of Norfolk, President of the Canal Company, and the exchange was speedily made.

Greensboro *Patriot:* About 100 persons have emigrated from this vicinity in the past 30 days.——Seventeen new bunks have been added to the stockade of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad, near this city, to accommodate that many new accessions to the working force of the road.——The Richmond & Danville Railroad authorities are so well pleased with the two ten wheeled engines recently put on the road, that they have just ordered six more of the same make and size. They will reduce the number of freight trains running daily, by carrying longer ones, as is done on the Pennsylvania railroads.

A TRAVELING TROUPE.—A German woman, name unknown, was found on the streets of Greensboro on Tuesday last, in an intoxicated condition, and was carried to the jail by Monroe Rees, city constable, and placed under the charge of the jail guard until she sobered. The woman had in her charge two young children—a boy and a girl—of the respective ages of ten and seven years. She and her husband had encamped in the woods at the edge of town, from whence she was sent by her husband to beg assistance. She obtained some money from the charitably-disposed citizens, and spent it for liquor, which reduced her to the condition she was found in on the street. This party were said to be traveling to Spartanburg, S. C., from Richmond, Va., and used as a means of transit a small wagon drawn by a couple of dogs.

North State, 4th.

THE PROTESTANT METHODIST CONFERENCE, which covened at Friendship, Alamance County, N. C., made the appointments of preachers for the year: Cedar Falls Circuit, Rev. A. W. Lineberg, D. D.; Orange, Rev. F. McColloch; Alamance, Rev. C. F. Harris, D. D; Haw River, Rev. H. Lewellen; Greensboro, Rev. J. R. Ball; Randolph, Rev. W. W. Amiche; Ashboro, Rev J. W. Heath; Davidson, Rev. W. C. Hammer; Winston Rev. T. T. Free; Forsyth, Rev. W. C. Kernelt; Winston Mission, Rev. R. H Wills; Guilford, Rev. D. A. Highfill; Mocksville, Rev. C. A. Picken; Rowan Mission, Rev. J. H. Cox; Stanly, Rev. J. J. York; Monroe, Rev. R. W. Pegram; Mecklenburg, Rev. R. R. Hanner; Catawba, Rev W H. Peoples; Buncombe, Rev. S. W. Coe; Pigeon River, Rev. J. H. Molton; Cleaveland, unsupplied; Henderson, do; Burke, do.; Caldwell, do; Dan Mission, unsupplied; Jersey Mission, unsupplied; Yadkin College, Rev. Prof. S. Simpson; Waughtown Mission, Rev. W. G. Hamilton; Rev. J. L. Michaux, editor *Central Protestant.* Left without appointment at his own request, Rev. J. S. Dunn. In the hands of the President, Rev. J. M. Waynich, A. J. Laughlin, R. R. Michaux, F. M. Totten, G. W. Bowman and H. C. Fulton.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Miss Mildred Lee, the beautiful and stately daughter of Gen. Robt. E. Lee, returned from a long sojourn in Europe on Wednesday.

—The only thing connected with a lotterey is, that a man can purchase enough castles in the air for $1 to last him a month.

—Up to date, 44,453,850 standard silver dollars have been coined. 12,221,010 are supposed to be put in circulation, being outside the Treasury vaults; while 32,232,840 remain in those vaults.

—The reduction in the public debt for this month would have been nearly ten millions but for the fact that more than seven million dollars has been paid out on pension account. The reduction will probably be in the neighborhood of $2,000,000.

BE CAREFUL.—Mrs. Emily Smalley, of Lowell, Ohio, widow of a soldier, drew $1,500 pension money last week and purchased a revolver for fear of being robbed. Her ten-year-old son picked up the weapon, accidently discharged it and the bullet went through his mother's heart, killing her instantly.

HELMBOLD'S MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS.

Helmbold's various medicinal preparations have for the last twenty or more years occupied a prominent place on the shelves of every respectable druggist and physician in the land. The skill displayed in their preparation, the invariable promptness and efficiency of their action, the absence of nauseous and disgusting taste or odor, and the attractive manner in which they are put up, have made them universal favorites. Especially is this the case with Helmbold's famous Buchu, a medicine which has become indispensible in the treatment of a large and troublesome class of diseases, particularly those which affect the digestive and urinary organs. As a diuretic, it is invaluable, and the great advantage it posesses over other preparations is the absolute purity of the ingredients, and the uniformity of strength. Parties purchasing should be careful to see that Helmbold's propriety stamp is affixed to each bottle.

Cause and Effect.

The main cause of nervousness is indigestion, and that is caused by weakness of the stomach. No one can have sound nerves and good health without using Hop Bitters to strengthen the stomach, purify the blood, and keep the liver and kidneys active, to carry off all the poisonous and waste matter of the system. See other column.

THE MARKETS.

Wheat, $1.25 a $1.35; Corn, 50 a 60; Eggs, 10 a 12; Beeswax, 18; Flour, $3 a $3.50; Bacon, 7 a 9; Tallow, 6 a 10; Butter, 20 a 25; Sugar 9 a 10; Salt, $1.15 a $1.30.

CHARLOTTE, Dec. 11.—Flour $3 50 a $3.75. Wheat 00a1 00. Corn 65 a 70. Oats 50 a 00. Bacon 7 a 8. Potatoes, sweet, 00 a 00.

FAYETTEVILLE, Dec. 11.—Bacon 7 a 11. Apple Brandy $1 75. Flour $6 25 a $7 00. Corn 65 a 70. Oats 50 a 00. Wheat 1 50 a 1 56. Lard, 9 a 10. Potatoes, 0 00 a 0 00. Whisky $2 00.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—Flour 6 75 a 7 75 Wheat $1 48 a $1 56. Corn 61 a 65. Oats 50 a 00.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 11.—Wheat 1 34 a 1 36; Corn 41 a 56; Oats, 38 a 41; Flour, $5 25 a 6 00.

WINSTON TOBACCO MARKET

REPORTED BY A. B. GORRELL.

Winston, N. C., Dec. 10, 1879.

Lugs, Common green	2 50 to 3 50
" Medium Red	3 00 to 4 00
" Good Sweet Red	4 50 to 6 00
" Common bright	4 00 to 5 00
" Good bright	6 00 to 8 50
" Fine smokers	9 00 to 12 00
" Fancy smokers	12 00 to 18 00
Fillers, Common green	3 50 to 4 50
" Good Red	5 00 to 6 50
" Rich, waxy	8 00 to 12 00
Thin bright Leaf	9 00 to 15 00
Common bright thin Wrappers	12 50 to 18 00
Good medium "	25 00 to 30 00
Fine bright "	35 00 to 50 00
Fancy "	50 00 to 75 00
Mahoghany "	18 00 to 50 00

as per color and quality.

Breaks are very large this week and prices continue firm, especially so for good and fine smokers and all Tobaccos of body and character.

BINGHAM SCHOOL,

MEBANESVILLE, N. C.,

IS now pre-eminent among Southern Boarding Schools for boys.

The 171st Session, ending December 17, 1879, has been the most prosperous in the 86 years of the School's history.

The 172d Session will begin January 14, 1880. Board $12 per month. Tuition $50 per Session. For Catalogue giving full particulars, Address, MAJ. R. BINGHAM.

Dec. 20. 4w Superintendent.

Pay Your Corporation Taxes and Save Cost.

AFTER the 10th day of January, 1880, there will be cost added to all unpaid corporation taxes, and the same placed in the hands of the officer with authority to collect the same. L. N. CLINARD,

Salem, N. C., Dec.10,'79. *Sec'y & Treas.*

NOTICE.

All persons are hereby forbidden to trespass in any manner upon our lands, or to remove anything whatever from the land, unless first having permission from the undersigned,

COOPER & HENDRICKS.

December 9, 1879. tf.

NOTICE.

The estate of the late FRANCIS FRIES has been finally settled, under decree of the Superior Court of Forsyth County, Spring Term, 1879.

The firm of F. & H. FRIES continues business as heretofore, and is now composed of the undersigned partners, all residents of Salem, Forsyth County, N. C:

H. W. FRIES,
J. W. FRIES,
F. H. FRIES,
H. E. FRIES.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } Forsyth County, }

I, E. A. Ebert, Justice of the Peace, do hereby certify that Henry W. Fries, John W. Fries, Frank H. Fries and Henry E. Fries, personally appeared before me this day, and signed the above certificate of partnership.

Witness my hand and seal this 12th day of September, A. D., 1879.

E. A. EBERT, J. P. [L. S.]

Geo. B. Everitt,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,

WINSTON, N. C.,

WILL practice in the Courts of the Eighth Judicial District, in the Supreme Court, and in the Federal Courts.

OFFICE in the one occupied by the late Col. Masten.

☞ All business intrusted to my care shall receive prompt attention.

We know Mr. Everitt well; he is an accomplished gentleman and a good lawyer, and we cheerfully recommend him as such to the citizens of Forsyth.

Judge R. P. Dick, Hon. W. N. H. Smith, W. H. Bailey, C. S. Hauser, S. C. C. 34-tf

THE DAILY NEWS.

PUBLISHED BY THE NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY, Raleigh, N. C.

CASH—INVARABLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY EDITION

One copy one year	$5.00
" " six months,	$3.00
" " three mohths,	$2.00
WEEKLY EDITION, one year,	$1.00

THE MORNING STAR.

DAILY, PUBLISHED BY WM. H. BERNARD Wilmington, N. C.

Rates of Subscription in advance:

One copy one year (postage paid,)	$7.00
" " six months, " "	4.00
" three months. " "	2.00
" one month " "	1.00

STOVES—STOVES—STOVES

THE UNEDRSIGNED has the largest and most complete assortment of

COOKING STOVES

AND

HEATING STOVES

ever offered in this market and at greatly REDUCED PRICES.

Stove Pipes and Fixtures

always on hand.

ROOFING AND GUTTERING

promptly attended to. A general assortment of

TIN WARE,

Wholesale and Retail, always to be found at the "BIG COFFEE POT. Prices to suit the times.

J. E. MICKEY.

Salem N,. C., Oct. 24, 1878.

AT THE CEDAR COVE NURSERIES,

In Great Variety,

A large stock of Nursery grown APPLE, PEAR AND PEACH TREES of all sizes and ages.

GRAPE VINES, STRAWBERRY AND RASPBERRY PLANTS.

Largest stock in the County.

Open to the inspection of visitors at all times.

I intend to sell as cheap as trees can be grown and on some stock below the cost of production. I will prove this to any one on a trial order. Correspondence solicited. Address

N. W. CRAFT,

Red Plains, Yadkin Co., N. C.

August 14, 1879.-33-tf.

1847. 1879.

—ESTABLISHED 1847.—

HEADQUARTERS OF SANTA CLAUS.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his patrons and the public generally, that he is still occupying

THE OLD STAND,

Opposite the Public Square,

SALEM, N. C.,

and calls attention to the fact that he is just in receipt of a large and finely assorted stock of

CHRISTMAS & HOLIDAY GOODS,

SUCH AS

FANCY ARTICLES, BOHEMIAN AND OTHER FINE GLASSWARE,

TOYS, DOLLS, CAMES,

in fact everything calculated to please the little ones.

Christmas Tree Ornaments

A SPECIALTY.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS AND NUTS.

All kinds of plain and French CANDIES.

All candies warranted STRICTLY PURE, being of my own manufacture.

Prices to suit the times. Buyers will do well to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Very respectfully,

F. W. MELLER.

Salem, N. C., Nov. 27, 1879.

NOTICE.

FORSYTH COUNTY:

Having qualified as Administrator *de bonis non*, with the will annexed, of the late MARY DENKE, on the 26th day of November, 1879: NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of said Mary Denke, to make immediate payment and settlement to me, or the claims will be put in the hands of an officer for collection. And all persons having claims against said estate will present them to me lawfully authenticated, on or before the 1st day of January, 1881, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

N. S. COOK,

Public Adm'r of Forsyth County.

This 26th day of Nov., 1879.

The People's Press.

Post Office Directory.

Salem, N. C. Post Office Arrangements. Office hours from 7 o'clock, A. M., to 6 P. M., during the week, and on Sunday from 7 to 8 A. M.

TIME OF ARRIVAL AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

RAILROAD, from Greensboro to Salem closes every day, except Sunday at 4.00. p. m. Due every day, except Sunday, by 10:50 p. m.

MOUNT AIRY, via Winston, Old Town, Bethania, Five Forks, Dalton, Pilot Mountain, Flat Shoals and Tom's Creek. Closes every day except Sunday, at 6:30, a. m. Due every day except Sunday, at 3, p. m.

DANBURY, via Winston, Flat Branch, Sedge Garden, Germanton and Walnut Cove. Closes every day except Sunday at 6:30, a. m, Due every day, except Sunday by 3, p. m.

HUNTSVILLE, via Lewisville and Panther Creek. Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6:30, a. m. Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturdayby 10, a. m.

RICHMOND HILL, via Mount Tabor, Vienna, Red Plains and East Bend. Closes Monday and Friday at 6:30 a. m. Due Tuesday and Saturday by 2, p. m.

FRIEDBERG Mail closes every Tuesday and Friday at 6.30, A. M. Due Wednesday and Saturday by 8 A. M.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

LOCAL ITEMS.

CHEW Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco.

☞ SUBSCRIBE FOR THE PRESS. ☜

—Another lot of buggies at auction in Winston.

—There are 160,000 Baptists in North Carolina.

—Misses' Welfare's School closes on Friday.

—The Salem Boys School closes on Friday (to-morrow).

—CHUFA—A bushel to dispose of. Call at the Salem Bookstore.

—The manufacture of plug tobacco has commenced in Raleigh.

—Brown's Warehouse paid out for two sales of tobacco last week $5,791.

—The Methodist Episcopal Conference will meet in Winston next year.

—RUSTLESS OATS.—Rustless Winter Oats—inquire at the Salem Bookstore.

—George Sides left for his home in Missouri last week. Hope he will arrive safely.

—Anniversary of Shady Mount Sunday School takes place on Sunday the 28th inst.

—The largest display of NEW BOOKS and FANCY GOODS ever offered at the Bookstore.

—Greensboro Amateur Minstrels will give an Entertainment in Tise's Hall on Saturday night.

—In February of next year there will be five Sundays, which occurs but three times in a century.

—FLORAL ADVERTISING CARDS at the Bookstore. Printed at the most reasonable rates.

—Mrs. Davis' School closed for the holidays on Tuesday night, with a pleasant entertainment.

—Rev. J. T. Zorn's birthday, on Friday last, secured a holiday for the young ladies of the Academy.

—A bell now announces work and meal hours at the Agricultural Works in place of the whistle.

—To-day Salem Female Academy will close for the holiday vacation. Reopens on Tuesday, Jan. 6th, 1880.

—Wm. A. Reich has an offer to buy his Patent Right of Churn and Egg-Beater for the United States.

—On Thursday last, Clemmonsville township, Davidson county, voted in favor of the stock law by 104 to 48.

—The damp weather of last week brought a very large quantity of tobacco to Winston, with good prices all round.

—During the past year more people in North Carolina united with the Methodist Church than at any previous time.

—A very fine shawl was stolen from the Widows House last week. The shawl was the property of Mrs. Stephenson.

—The time-honored custom of baking Christmas cakes is fast approaching. Many are already munching the rich morsels.

—Miss A. S. Crist's school closes on Monday, with a private entertainment. Spring Term commences Monday, Jan. 5th, 1880.

—Miss Rosa Lash's many friends will be pleased to hear that she arrived safely at Jacksonville. She is in St. Joseph's Academy.

—Jos. Knauss reports a deer in the woods around Eden Chapel, supposed to be the one recently escaped from the Academy park.

—A premium of $1 was offered for the best speller in the Salem Boys School during the past season. Bernie Pfohl won the prize.

—W. F. Burke, of South Fork township, handed us an egg, measuring 6x8 inches. He says the hen lays very large eggs generally.

—The Baptist Sunday School will give a public entertainment at the Baptist church, on Wednesday, Dec. 24, commencing at 6.30, P. M.

—The largest Christmas Tree and the finest decoration ever put up in the South can be seen at Blickenderfer's Notion Store, the latter part of the week. It will be a grand affair of mountains, valleys, cascades, and fountains.

—James Garboden is fixing up the old Warner house, part of which he will use for a shoe-shop. The other part to be rented for a dwelling.

—Dr. Roan extracted a pistol ball from a negro's hand on Sunday morning. Enforce the concealed weapon law, and these cases will not occur.

—We learn that a negro man by the name of Hairston was found dead on Sunday morning last, near the Poor House. We have no particulars.

—The Executive Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association of North Carolina will meet in Greensboro, on Friday, 19th inst. J. B. LINEBACK.

—The annual Lovefeast for the church officials, teachers and all in any way connected with the Church service, was held in the Chapel last Friday evening.

—F. W. Meller is decorating his Santa Claus headquarters with evergreens for the holidays. Jacob Blickenderfer will also go into the decoration business on a grand scale.

—AUTOGRAPHS.—A beautiful variety of Autograph Albums at 8, 10, 15, 40, 60 and 75 cents, $1.25 and $1.50. These books are the handsomest we have ever offered at the Salem Bookstore.

—F. W. Meller's Toy Store presents a fine appearance. It is beautifully decorated with evergreens. Mr. Meller is known far and wide and his selections of Christmas goods are of the best in his line.

—The North Carolina Grand Lodge of Colored Masons met in Greensboro on Tuesday, the 9th. There are 31 lodges in the jurisdiction, and four under dispensation, with a membership of 4,000.

—Beautiful FLORAL and MOTTO PANEL PICTURES, suitable for framing for Wall or Mantel. Also FANCY BOOK MARKS, for sale at the Salem Bookstore.

—The weather is very changeable. On Friday it was spring-like, turning cold on Saturday, with sleet first and heavy rains after, all night and Sunday. Monday cool and windy. Tuesday some milder.

—The hog cholera is raging in the neighborhood of Five Forks, Stokes County. Several farmers have lost nearly all their stock recently. Also on Lick Creek, in the Hopewell neighborhood, this county.

—Ham. Peddicord, the well known driver on the Mt. Airy Stage Line, has handed over the reins to Thomas Coe, who now cracks his whip merrily on the road between Salem and Dalton's. Ham is now at the Piedmont Warehouse.

—Prof. Watkins' Male School closed Wednesday evening with speaking and music. The Salem Band gave the music and Eugene E. Gray, Esq., delivered the address. We return thanks to Frank Vogler for an invitation to be present.

—A fine new assortment of Imperial CARTE VISITE, in plain and fancy boxes, with Envelopes to match, at the Bookstore. They are suitable for invitations and can be handsomely printed at reasonable rates at the Salem Printing Office.

—A letter directed to Mr. Santa Claus has been received and delivered from the Salem Post Office. Mr. Claus is evidently looking around in this vicinity. Perhaps that deer, seen by Mr. Knauss, is one of his fine team, and the old gentleman ir looking for him.

—Prof. D'Anna has been secured as the Music Professor in the Academy. He comes highly recommended as a successful teacher, having a thorough musical training. He had charge of the Music Department of the Select School of the Misses Nash & Kelloch, of Hillsboro.

—The question now among the boys is, "was there anything the matter with Tink or the umbrella which he carried with him to the depot last Saturday night?" We have Tink's word for it that he was all right; but he says he can't see how it was that when he got home he only had the handle of the umbrella with him.

—The Raleigh *Observer* says: "The Ætna Life Insurance Company, through W. H. Crow, manager for N. C., is ready to pay $5,000 for policy on life of J. B. Randleman, deceased, although not yet due by the terms of the policy."

We also learn that the Ætna Life Insurance Company has compromised with the Administrator of Colonel Patterson's estate in the sum of sixteen thousand and fifty dollars.

—Roll of honor for the Public Colored School, Salem, N. C., for the week ending December 12, 1879. *L. T. Reed's School.*—Margaret Lemly, Nellie Gates, Kepp Hairston, Clifton Hairston, Harrison Hairston, Willie Patterson, Jackson Gray, Harry Fries, Joseph Fries, Kerniss Spaugh. *Leah Dore's School*—Ann Hege, Ginsie Goins, Anna Goins, Octavia Goins, Peter Watts, Abraham Gates, John Hege, Willie Stedman, Jimmie Stedman, George Hairston, James Goins, Gaither Crump, Joseph Mitchell.

—The following delegates to the Provincial Synod of the Southern Province of the Moravian Church, were elected on Monday evening last, by Salem congregation council: Synod meets early in January.

Dr. N. S. Siewers, Dr. J. F. Shaffner, J. D. Siewers, Allen A. Spaugh, J. W. Fries, H. W. Shore, C. T. Pfohl, Rev. L. B. Wurreschke, Jas. T. Lineback, J. G. Sides. *Alternates*—J. L. Fulkerson, Dr. J. W. Hunter, Thomas Spaugh, Christian Fogle.

—Last Friday night, some young men concluded to go boating on one of the ice ponds. While on the water one of the party thought the boat was sinking, jumped overboard and waded ashore. The other went out in a small boat to get the one abandoned by No. 1, and he too leaped out and waded ashore, leaving both boats in the water. The duckings were not altogether involuntary, but were most certainly not laid down in the evening's programme of fun. The bath somewhat cooled their ardor, however, and they went home, sadder and perhaps wiser young men.

—Wm. J. Cooper slaughtered three fine hogs weighing 443, 405 and 395, 14 months old.

Philip Reed's big hog broke its leg and consequently had to be killed. Weight 693 pounds.

Jas. Gray killed a heavy hog on Tuesday, weighing 551 pounds.

John Wimmer's hogs weighed 289 and 354.

Jesse Brown slaughtered two fine hogs Tuesday. Weight 465 and 312.

R. L. Craft, of Lewisville township, slaughtered a hog which weighed 440 pounds.

Anderson Smith (col.), killed two fine hogs weighing 233 and 214.

Mrs. Bennett killed two hogs on Saturday last, weighing 398 and 375.

Charlie Winkler killed four fine hogs, weighing 382, 331, 318, 298.

To the Patrons of The Christmas Advertiser.

Gentlemen:—

It is with regret we announce that the second number of THE CHRISTMAS ADVERTISER will not appear this season. This is due, not to a lack of support, but to the fact that we desired to do the work in the PRESS office under our own supervision, thereby insuring a more perfect paper. A heavy stress of previous work has prevented this, and we are therefore compelled to make this announcement. Thanking you for your kind patronage and wishing you a very successful and happy Christmas and New Year, we remain

Your obedient servants,
GEO. E. VOGLER,
CLARENCE CRIST.

—Prof. Agthe's Male Double Quartette Singing Club have been giving their Professor a merry round of social pleasures during the last two weeks of his stay with us. The ball commenced rolling at Mr. T. F. Crist's on Friday, 5th inst., from thence to Mr. Wm. H. Hall's on Wednesday night, 10th inst., where an elegant supper was served, thence, (by omnibus to and fro) to Mr. Levin Brietz's on Saturday night, 13th inst., at which place the Club were again handsomely entertained. The ball stopped at Butner's Hotel on Tuesday night, 16th inst., where the Club had ordered their farewell meeting to take place. Mr. Butner, than whom there is no better caterer, had charge of the supper arrangements, while the Club amused themselves with backgammon, draughts, seven-up and euchre in the spacious parlor. A general stampede occurred when supper was announced, and the Club with their guests, Messrs. Hamilton, Lichtenthaler and the Professor, were soon seated around a table groan- with a weight of good things. Before commencing the attack the following resolutions were presented and unanimously adopted by the Club:

We, the undersigned, members of Prof. Agthe's Male Double Quartette Singing Club, on this our last meeting previous to our Professor's departure for Europe, do unanimously adopt the following:—

1. That we tender him our hearty and sincere thanks for the untiring energy and patience with which he has labored to impart to us some of that great musical knoweldge he possesses.

2. That we thank him for having made our lessons so pleasant with his genial and humorous manners; making instruction and pleasure go hand in hand to the detriment of neither.

3. That we will cherish the remembrance of the lessons with the warmest regard, and will ever think of him as our benefactor and friend.

4. That we wish him God-speed in the journey that is before him, earnestly desiring that in his new field of work, he may be as happy and prosperous as he can desire.

5. That we have a lively hope of seeing him at some future day on this side the Atlantic again, to renew old times with joy and song.

6. That we will never forget the many kindnesses for which we are indebted to him, and that we subscribe ourselves his life-long friends.

FRANK C. MINUNG, JNO. W. SCHOTT.
JAS. E. HALL, GEO. A. BOOZER,
CHAS. W. VOGLER, L. ALBERT BRIETZ,
WILL. C. CRIST, HARVEY S. CRIST,
CLARENCE E. CRIST.

When these proceedings were concluded the Club sang one of their songs and then the destruction of the viands commenced. Of their quantity and quality it will be needless to speak after stating that it took fully three-quarters of an hour ere either appetite or quantity began to diminish, and there was then more of each behind the scenes.

Justice having been done to the supper, the Club returned to their previous amusements. After some time spent in a very pleasant manner, the Club went out on their last serenade. After singing for several of the members and at the Merchant's and Central Hotels, in Winston, the Agthe Double Quartette Club adjourned at 12 o'clock.

[COM.

—Internal Revenue Collections for the week ending Saturday, December 13th, 1879:

Monday	$ 4,585 04
Tuesday	3,701 38
Wednesday	2,293 01
Thursday	1,318 48
Friday	2,168 22
Saturday	1,957 40
Total	$15,914 43

From the Leader.

Fence Law.

Owing to the want of proper information as to the cost of fencing, amount of taxation and the workings of a Stock-Law, but 5 townships in Forsyth county adopted it at the last election.

Even at this late day it may be of interest to look at a few facts and figures, which will make those in the Stock-Law townships feel better satisfied, and enable those outside to try again and do better next time.

In the first place, as to cost: The county on the North line, according to the County Surveyor's plot, is 23 miles; on the East 15 miles; on the South to the Davidson line in Clemmonsville township, 19 miles. From this point on the West the county is bounded by Clemmonsville township, which has adopted the Stock-Lew, and by that portion of Yadkin county, known as Little Yadkin, which would also adopt the Stock-Law if the townships adjoining did so, and by the Yadkin river towards the North, which is a lawful fence. This would give us 57 miles of fence to build. A mile of fence allowing 7½ feet stretch to a panel takes 704 panels and 10 rails to a panel makee 7,040 rails to a mile. With rails at 75 cents a hundred, a mile of fence would cost $52.80 and 57 miles would cost $3,009.60. As good sound old rails and fences on or near the line could be used I have been informed that 75 cents would cover the cost at these remote points from a wood market; but make it more than safe and count rails at $1.00 per 100 and it would make the cost $4,012.80. This would be much reduced by adjoining townships and districts attaching themselves.

Next, as to taxation. By the law real estate is only taxed, no poll or personal property paying anything. The county, by the tax list, has $1,531,314 real estate, being in town lots $595,290, and in land $936,024. So that of the $4,012.80 taxes town lots would pay $1,559.95 and 218,-859 acres of land $2,452.85 or the enormous amount of one and one-eighth cent per acre. Then this tax is not levied every year, but will be sufficient for at least 8 years, and in all probability will never be laid again as the adjoining townships in other counties if not the whole counties will before them adopt the Stock-Law.

Lastly as to the workings of the Stock-Law. An offer was made before our county election to furnish a free pass on the Railroad to one person in each township, opposed to the law, to visit Mecklenburg county and see for himself, but unfortunately, all were too busy except one. This one came back thoroughly convinced and so reported to his neighbors. After the law had been in operation some time in Mecklenburg county, the county of Cabarrus and a portion of Iredell county. both adjoining Mecklenburg, adopted the law, thus showing that it gave general satisfaction.

The 5 townships adopting the law and representing 998,008 of real estate will comply with the law and proceed to fence them.

As all admit that it is only a matter of a few years before the other townships will be compelled to adopt the law, they will then have to bear all the expense of fencing their separate or adjoining townships and not get the benefit of the money raised by these large tax-paying townships.

All the facts and figures to base these calculations on, are taken from the Sheriff's tax-books and the County Surveyor's report and plot, and of the correctness of the result every one can satisfy himself. There is no wild guessing of from ten to sixty thousand dollars as the cost of fence.

H. W. FRIES.

A Lady's Wish.

"Oh, how I do wish my skin was as clear and soft as yours," said a lady to her friend. "You can easily make it so," answered the friend. "How?" inquired the first lady. "By using Hop Bitters, that makes pure rich blood and blooming health. It did it for me, as you observe." Read of it.

MARRIED.

On Sunday last, at the residence of Mrs. Bennett, in this place, by the Rev. S. D. Franklin, Mr. CICERO J. KNOTT to Miss CARRIE HEGE.

Near Lexington, Davidson county, at the residence of Michael Sink, by Elder Wm. Turner, Mr. J. G. YARBROUGH to Miss MATY ALICE TUSSEY.

In this county, by Rev. A. W. Craft, at his residence, on the 14th inst., Mr. LEWIS HARPER to Miss NANCY RIDINGS.

On the 9th of December, by Rev. C. L. Lights, Mr. G. A. GRIFFITH of Caswell Co., N. C., to Miss ALICE S. RAY, only daughter of Prof. J. S. Ray, of Kernersville.

"She is thine, the word is spoken,
Hand to hand and heart to heart,
Tho' all other ties be broken,
Time these bonds can never part.
Thou hast taken her in gladness,
From the Altar's holy shrine,
O remember in her sadness,
She is thine and only thine.

[COM.

DIED.

On the 5th inst., of pneumonia, Mrs. ELIZABETH BARROW, in the 73d year of her age.

On Monday, 8th inst., infant child of Amos Faw.

NOTICE.

FORSYTH COUNTY:

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of the late Emanuel Tesh, on the 2d day of December, 1879, NOTICE is hereby given to all persons indebted to the estate of said Emanuel Tesh to make immediate payment and settlement to me. And all persons having claims against said estate will present them to me lawfully authenticated, on or before the 1st day of January, 1881, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

N. S. COOK,
Pub. Adm'r of Forsyth County.
December 4, 1879. no50.6t

FULL

FROM CELLAR TO GARRET AND

RUNNING OVER

WITH THE

LARGEST STOCK OF

HARDWARE,

House Furnishing Goods,

&c., &c., &c.,

EVER BROUGHT TO

Western North Carolina.

S. E. ALLEN respectfully announces to his many patrons and friends, in this and adjoining counties, that he has just returned from the Northern cities where he purchased one of the largest and finest assortments of Hardware ever brought to this section of the country.

The Farmers

will find in this mammoth assortment all kinds of Agricultural Implements of the latest designs, at lower prices than they ever heard of before.

The Mechanics

in selecting their tools, will here find an assortment of the very best at lower figures than they ever bought before.

Housekeepers

should not fail to examine the splendid array of House Furnishing Goods. Among the large stock of Cooking Stoves can be found the celebrated

"Farmer Girl,"

which is acknowledged by all who have used it to be the best and cheapest in the market.

WANTED.

Mr. Allen wants EVERYBODY to call and examine his goods, hear prices, and be convinced that

S. E. ALLEN'S,

(Sign of the Big Saw,)

WINSTON, N. C.,

is the place to get the best bargains.

Sept. 4th, 1879.

At the Old Stand!

Mrs. DOUTHIT

respectfully announces to her patrons and friends that she has removed to her old stand, which has recently been enlarged and otherwise improved, where can be found one o the choicest and cheapest assortments of

FALL and WINTER MILLINERY,

to be found in this section. The stock consists of

HATS & BONNETS for Ladies & Children,
FLOWERS & FEATHERS,
SILK AND VELVET RIBBONS,
The most complete stock of NOTIONS ever brought to this market.
KID, SILK, AND BERLIN GLOVES,
RIBBONS, TIES, & BOWS,
COLLARS AND CUFFS, SILK & LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
LADIES' & CHILDREN'S FANCY HOSE,
HAMBURG EDGINGS AND LACES,
LACE SCARFS, RUFFLING, &c., &c.
BUTTONS of all styles.
LADIES' & CHILDREN'S CLOAKS
SHETLAND WOOL SHAWLS, Children's KNIT HOODS and SACQUES.
UNLAUNDRIED SHIRTS,
FRINGES Silk and Wool.
UMBRELLAS, a good assortment.
Ladies' Children's and Men's Knit Underwear. A variety of JEWELRY.
SILVER SPRAY, GERMAN, and BELLE COLOGNE, in large assortment.
FINE TOILETTE SOAPS.
All the above will be sold

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Thankful for so liberal a patronage in the past, I hope by my complete stock and close attention to the wants of my customers, to merit a continuance of the same during the Fall and Winter of 1879.

Mrs. T. B. DOUTHIT.

CONDENSED TIME.

North Carolina Railroad.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Date, June, 19 1879.	No. 47. Daily.	No. 45. Daily.	No. 6. Daily ex. Sun.
Leave Charlotte	3 50 a m	3 55 p m	.....
" Salisbury	6 03 a m	5 51 p m	.....
" High Point	7 25 a m	7 05 p m	.....
Arrive Greensboro	8 05 a m	7 35 p m	.....
Leave Greensboro	8 20 a m	.....	7 45 p m
Arrive Hillsboro	10 25 a m	.....	12 25 p m
" Durham	11 02 a m	.....	1 55 a m
" Raleigh	12 15 p m	.....	5 00 a m
Leave "	3 30 p m	5 45 a m	.....
Arrive Goldsboro	5 55 p m	9 55 a m	.....

No 47.—Connects at Greensboro with R. & D. R. R. for all points North, East and West. At Goldsboro, with W. & W. R. R. for Wilmington.

No. 45.—Connects at Salisbury with W. N. C. R. R., for all points in Western N. C. At Greensboro with R. & D. R. R. for all points North, East and West.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

Date, une 19, 1879.	No. 48. Daily.	No. 42. Daily.	No. 5. Daily. ex. Sun.
Leave Goldsboro	10 10 a m	6 34 p m	.....
Arrive Raleigh	12 40 p m	10 45 p m	.....
Leave "	3 20 p m	.....	8 00 a m
Arrive Durham	4 37 p m	.....	10 45 a m
" Hillsboro	5 19 p m	.....	12 23 a m
" Greensboro	7 33 p m	.....	4 30 p m
Leave "	8 40 p m	7 16 a m	.....
Arrive High Point	9 14 p m	7 52 a m	.....
" Salisbury	10 36 p m	9 16 a m	.....
" Charlotte	12 37 a m	11 17 a m	.....

No. 48.—Connects at Salisbury with W. N. C. R. R., for all points in Western North Carolina. At Greensboro with Salem Branch. At Air-Line Junction with A. & C. A. L. Railroad for all points Southand South-west. At Charlotte with C., C. & A. Railroad for all points South and South-east. At Air-Line Junction with A. & C. A. L. Railroad for all points South and South-west.

SALEM BRANCH.

Leave Greensboro daily except Sunday			9 10 p m
Arrive Kernersville	"	"	10 20 p m
Arrive Salem	"	"	11 10 p m
Leave Salem	"	"	5 00 p m
Arrive Kernersville	"	"	5 40 p m
Arrive Greensboro	"	"	7 00 p m

Connecting at Greensboro with Trains on R. & D. and N. C. Railroads.

Sleep'g Cars Without Change,

Run both ways with Trains Nos. 1 and 2, between New York and Atlanta via Richmond, Greensboro and Charlotte, and between Greensboro and Augusta, and both ways on Trains Nos. 3 and 4 between New York snd Charlotte via Richmond and Charlotte.

☞ Through Tickets on sale at Greensboro, Raleigh, Goldsboro, Salisbury and Charlotte, and at all principal points South, South-west, West North and East. For Emigrant rates to points in Arkansas and Texas, address

J. R. MACMURDO,
Gen'l Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

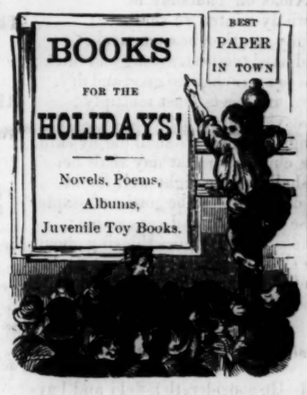
JOB PRINTING of

all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch at the PRESS OFFICE.

SALEM BOOKSTORE.

OPENINGE EVRY DAY

HOLIDAY GOODS.



CHRISTMAS, 1879.

Blum's Bookstore.

BOOKS,

PAPER,

DESKS,

AND

FANCY GOODS,

all suitable for

Holiday Presents.

Particular attention is invited to the

BEAUTIFUL AND ELEGANT

CHRISTMAS CARDS,

NEW YEAR CARDS,

BIRTHDAY CARDS,

FLORAL PANELS

OF

BOUQUETS, MOTTOES,

BOOK MARKS,

All Pretty and Cheap,

and suitable for the SCRAP BOOK as well as the CARD CASE.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

Further notice will be given by CARD or CATALOGUE about the 10th of December.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.
Salem, N. C., Nov. 27, 1879.

LADIES

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!

Black and Colored

CASHMERES!

—ALPACAS—

AT ALL PRICES.

VARIOUS STYLES OF

WORSTEDS.

TRIMMING SILKS AND SATINS.

LARGE LOT

HANDSOME PRINTS.

Bleached and Brown Cotton,

AT ALL PRICES.

SCARFS, GLOVES, KERCHIEFS, CORSETS, SHAWLS, FLANNEL VESTS, PLAIN AND COLORED FLANNEL, LACE AND BUTTON SHOES, various qualities,

and many other nice Goods, just received at

CARTER, RIVES & CO'S,

MAIN STREET,

Opposite Merchant's Hotel,

WINSTON, N. C.

October 30, 1879.–44.

THE ALMANAC.

BLUM'S

FARMER'S AND PLANTER'S ALMANAC 1880.

JUST PUBLISHED, The Farmer's and Planter's Almanac, containing the usual Astronomical calculations, valuable Agricultural matter, Miscellaneous and Humorous reading, Recipes, Government and Public works of North Carolina, Courts of North and South Carolina, and S. West Virginia; Vote of North Carolina, &c., &c.

Orders respectfully solicited.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM,
Salem, N. C., Oct. 1879.

FLORAL PANEL PICTURES, LILIES OF THE VALLEY, ROSES and DAISES, CALLA LILIES. Beautiful ornaments at the BOOKSTORE.

NEW STYLE VISITING CARDS in packages and neat leatherette cases, Cheap and beautiful. Gilt edge, *round corners,* at the BOOKSTORE.

H. T.

HELMBOLD'S

COMPOUND

Fluid Extract

BUCHU.

PHARMACEUTICAL.

A SPECIFIC REMEDY FOR ALL

DISEASES

OF THE

Bladder & Kidneys

For Debility, Loss of Memory, Indisposition to Exertion or Business, Shortness of Breath, Troubled with Thoughts of Disease, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Chest and Head, Rush of Blood to the Head, Pale Countenance and Dry Skin.

If these symptoms are allowed to go on, very frequently Epileptic Fits and Consumption follow. When the constitution becomes affected it requires the aid of an invigorating medicine to strengthen and tone up the system—which

"Helmbold's Buchu"

DOES IN EVERY CASE.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU

IS UNEQUALLED

By any remedy known. It is prescribed by the most eminent physicians all over the world, in

Rheumatism,
Spermatorrhoea,
Neuralgia,
Nervousness,
Dyspepsia,
Indigestion,
Constipation,
Aches and Pains,
General Debility,
Kidney Diseases,
Liver Complaint,
Nervous Debility,
Epilepsy,
Head Troubles,
Paralysis,
General Ill Health,
Spinal Diseases,
Sciatica,
Deafness,
Decline,
Lumbago,
Catarrh,
Nervous Complaints,
Female Complaints.

Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Cough, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Eruptions, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Region of the Kidneys, and a thousand other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia.

HELMBOLD'S BUCHU

Invigorates the Stomach,

And stimulates the torpid Liver, Bowels, and Kidneys to healthy action, in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the system.

A single trial will be quite sufficient to convince the most hesitating of its valuable remedial qualities.

PRICE $1 PER BOTTLE.

Or Six Bottles for $5.

Delivered to any address free from observation.

"Patients" may consult by letter, receiving the same attention as by calling.

Combetent physicians attend to correspondents. All letters should be addressed to

H. T. HELMBOLD,

Druggist and Chemist,

Philadelphia, Pa.

CAUTION!

See that the Private Proprietary Stamp is on each Bottle.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

POETRY.

IN THE LONG RUN.

This old-fashioned saying,
So slightly expressed,
And carelessly uttered,
Is one of the best.
Oh ponder, young trifler,
With young life begun,
The deep, earnest meaning
Of "in the long run."

For "in the long run," boys,
The seed will spring up
That was sown in the garden
Or dropped in the cup.
And remember! no roses
Will spring from the weed
And no beautiful fruit
From unworthy seed.

How many a stripling
In trouble to-day
By riotous living
With comrade so gay;
With character shipwrecked
And duties undone,
Will be sorrow's harvesting
"In the long run.'.

And "in the long run,"
The toiler fares best
Who performs honest labor
And takes honest rest.
Who, contented and happy,
Hastes not, in a day
Or a year to heap riches
That will pass away.

The good and the evil
That bide on the earth,
The joy and the sorrow,
The pain and the mirth,
The battles undecded,
The Victories won,
Will yield what was sown, lads,
"In the long run."

HUMOROUS.

Scenes at Stokes Superior Court.

For scenes that are rich, Danbury, the county-seat of Stokes, tops them all on court days. It is a healthy little town, and good-natured enough, save when the mountain boys turn out, and then things get lively. At last court a little chap as tough as a pine knot, walked the streets swinging a black bottle in his hand and evidently doing his best for a chance to warm his knuckles on somebody's phiz. He greeted every crowd he passed, especially addressing himself to several of the Greensboro bar who sat in front of the hotel eating chestnuts.

"I'm a rooster! I crowed this morning twice before day! I crowed yesterday morning, and I expect to crow to-morrow morning before day."

He paused for a reply, but the gentlemen of the bar gazed absently away in another direction, and the little chap passed on swinging his bottle.

But it was in this court one day while Judge Cannon was presiding, that the following occurred:

Jack ——— was on trial for a fight. Jack is of the same race who had a brother transferred from the family graveyard because he was once known to holler in a fight. The lawyer on the other side was addressing the court, and he made some misstatement in putting the case.

"That isn't so," interrupted Jack's lawyer.

"It is so!" emphasized No. 1.

"You are a liar, sir!" cried No. 2, springing to his feet.

"Fight! Gol ding ye, fight!" shouted Jack, from behind the bar. "You're no kin! fight! an' pay the costs like I do!"

"Mr. Blank," said Judge Cannon, very firmly, "take your seat, I fine you forty dollars. "Sheriff," continued he, pointing to Jack, "take that man to jail."

"That's it," said Jack, "nothing for poor folks but the jail,"

The Judge by his promptness quieted the row, and the lawyers joined in and paid Jack out of jail.

Without a License.

An Illinois sheriff was noted for his activity in looking up unlicensed peddlers. Taking his walk abroad one day he came across an old illegal trader, and inquired if he had anything to sell?

"Hev I got anything to sell, Squire?" was the response. "Guess I have got blackin' that'll make them old cowhide boots of yourn shine so you can shave in em'. Got razors tew, an article you want I should say, by the looks o' your beard. Got Balm o' Klumby, tew, only a dollar a bottle, good for the hair and assisting poor human nature."

The sheriff bought a bottle of Balm of Columbia, and then desired to see the Yankee's license for peddling. The document was produced, pronounced genuine, and handed back to its owner.

"Then," said the disappointed official, "I don't know that I care about this stuff; what will you give me for it?"

"Waal," answered the peddler, "I don't want it, Squire; but seein' it's you, I'll give you thirty-seven cents for it."

The sheriff passed him the bottle and pocketed the money, when the peddler said:

"I say, I hev suthing to ask you. Hev you got a peddler's license about you?"

"No," said the sheriff, "I haven't any use for one myself."

"Waal, I guess we'll see about that pretty soon," replied the Yankee. "Ef I understand the law, sheriff, it's a clear case that you've been trading and peddling Balm o' Klumby on the highway, and I shall inform against you."

Thus he turned the tables, and the sheriff was duly fined for peddling without license.

AGRICULTURAL.

A Weather Prophecy.

As Christmas Day comes this year upon Thursday, the following quotation from an ancient MSS. in the British Museum is pertinent for publication at the outset of Winter as a prophecy of coming events the approaching year:

If Xmas on Thursday be
A windy winter we shall see;
Windy weather in each week,
And hard tempest, strong and thick;
The summer shall be good and dry,
Corn and beets must multiply;
That year is good for lands to till,
Kings and Princes shall die by skill.
If a child born that day shall be,
It shall happen right well for he,
Of deeds he shall be good and staple,
Wise of speech and reasonable;
Whoso that day goes thieving about,
He shall be punished without doubt;
And if sickness that day betide,
It shall quickly from thee glide.

Some of the Characteristics of a Good Farmer.

1. He considereth a field and buyeth it. He looketh well to the title that his children may not become outcasts.

2. He fences it around with a strong fence or wall. His flocks and herds do not trespass upon the domains of his neighbor, but increase and fatten within his own bounds.

3. He ploweth well and deep. He harroweth liberally, manures abundantly, saving and making all he can in the barn-yard and stable. Thus he feedeth the soil liberally with the best food; and at the harvest he reapeth great gain.

4. He dots his land with fruit trees. His apples fill his chambers, and his vineyards are planted with the true vines. He knoweth no failure, for his trees and vines are true to name.

5. He riseth with the lark. The morning sun finds him at labor. He cometh from his fields when evening shadows gather, but he resteth from his labors in the heat of the day.

6. He buildeth barns and storehouses. His cattle increase in numbers, and his purse is filled with plenty. Whatever he doeth prospers, for his labor is directed by the wisdom of experience.

7. His sons and daughters grow to bless him. They are known in the land; the sick and afflicted are sought out; the poor honor and bless them. Ripe old age is given them, for their minds were continually at peace, knowing not the disappointments of others.—*Western Recorder.*

What Not to Kill.

The French Minister of Agriculture has done a good deed in causing a placard to be posted which it would be wise for citizens of all countries to have before their eyes. It tells farmers, sportsmen, boys and others what creatures not to kill, as follows:

Hedge-hog—Live mostly on mice, small rodents, slugs and grub animals hurtful to agriculture. Don't kill the hedge-hog.

Toad—Farm assistant; he destroys twenty to thirty insects per hour. Don't kill the toad.

Mole—is continually destroying grubs, larvæ, palmer-worms and insects injurious to agriculture. No trace of vegetation is ever found in its stomach. Don't kill the mole.

Birds—Each department loses several millions annually through insects. Birds are the only enemies able to contend against them vigorously. They are the great caterpillar killers and agricultural assistants. Children, don't disturb their nests.

Make Manure.

If any man thinks it won't pay to make manure to feed his lands, let him try it once, and he will soon laugh at his present folly. But for manure, the people of New England would have starved to death a half century ago. With it their country is growing all the time. Because we have a genial climate and generous soil is no reason why bad farming won't render it unproductive in time; it has done it, and no man can deny it. The question for us to decide is not how much of our tobacco crop it will take to support the farm, but how much of the leaven of manure and labor we must put into our lands in order to make them self-supporting, thereby leaving the tobacco crop entirely surplus, and therefore, entirely cash to jingle as we please.

Remedy for Distemper.

I had a horse so badly afflicted with distemper that I thought I would certainly lose him. He was so badly swollen that he could scarcely breathe. I resorted to the following which proved a success, and consider it my duty to make it known to your many readers:

Take strong apple vinegar, 2½ quarts; red pepper, six or eight pods; pulverize pepper and boil it in vinegar. After boiling five minutes, thicken to the consistency of thin mush. Apply the poultice warm. After three or five hours the swelling will be reduced.

"People's Press"
AND
Godey's Lady's Book
FOR $3.00.

50th YEAR
OF
Godey's Lady's Book

The Oldest and Best Fashion Magazine in America.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE
REDUCED TO $2.00 PER YEAR.

Subscriptions will be received at this Office in Clubs with this Paper.

The Press and Godey's Lady's Book for one Year at $3.00.

See what Godey's Lady's Book will contain
IN 1880.

Nearly 1200 pages of first-class literary matter.
12 Steel-Plate Beautiful Original Engravings.
12 Large and Elegantly-Colored Fashion Plates.
24 Pages of Vocal and Instrumental Music.
900 engravings on Art, Science and Fashion.
12 large Diagram Patterns of Ladies' and Children's Dresses,
12 Architectural Designs for Beautiful Homes.
200 or more Original Receipts for Family Use.
And the usual Original Department matters.

The January No. of the New Year will be issued December 1st, and will contain the opening chapters of one of the Best Serial Stories ever printed in an American Magazine, by

Christian Reid,

the author of "A Gentle Belle," "Valerie Aylmer," "Morton House," etc., entitled

Roslyn's Fortune.

We have engaged a FULL CORPS OF DISTINGUISHED WRITERS, whose contributions will enrich Godey's Lady's Book during the year.

Send in your Clubs at once. You can add any names afterwards at same price as the original Club.

TERMS---Cash in Advance.
POSTAGE PREPAID.

One Copy, one year,	$ 2 00
Two copies, one year	3 70
Three copies, one year,	5 25
Four copies, one year,	6 60
Five copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making six copies,	9 50
Eight copies, one year, and an extra copy to the person getting up the club, making nine copies,	14 00

Now is the time to make up your clubs.

HOW TO REMIT.—Get a Post-Office Money Order on Philadelphia, or a draft on Philadelphia or New York. If you cannot get either of these, send Bank-notes, and in the latter case register your letter.

To parties intending to get up Clubs, a specimen copy will be sent on application. Address,

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK PUB. CO. (Limited.)
1006 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa.

☞ We have made arrangements with Messrs. MUNN & Co. which enable us to offer the **People's Press** and **Scientific American** one year for $4.10, postage paid. You will thus secure your home newspaper and

THE BEST PAPER. TRY IT!
Beautifully Illustrated.

35th YEAR.

The Scientific American.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is a large, First-Class Weekly Newspaper of Sixteen Pages, printed in the most beautiful style, *profusely illustrated with splendid engravings*, representing the newest Inventions and the most recent Advances in the Arts and Sciences; including New and Interesting Facts in Agriculture, Horticulture, the Home, Health, Medical Progress, Social Science, Natural History, Geology, Astronomy. The most valuable practical papers, by eminent writers in all departments of Science will be found in the Scientific American;

Terms, $3.20 per year, $1.60 half year, which includes postage. Discount to Agents. Single copies, ten cents. Sold by all Newsdealers. Remit by postal order to MUNN & CO., Publishers, 37 Park Row, New York.

PATENTS. In connection with the **Scientific American,** Messrs. MUNN & Co. are Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents, have had 35 years experience, and now have the largest establishment in the world. Patents are obtained on the best terms. A special notice is made in the **Scientific American** of all inventions patented through this Agency, with the name and residence of the Patentee. By the immense circulation thus given, public attention is directed to the merits of the new patent, and sales or introduction often easily effected.

Any person who has made a new discovery or invention, can ascertain, *free of charge*, whether a patent can probably be obtained by writing to MUNN & Co. We also send *free* our Hand Book about the Patent Laws, Patents, Caveats, Trade-Marks, their costs, and how procured, with hints for procuring advances on Inventions. Address for the Paper, or concerning Patents,

MUNN & CO.,
37 Park Row, New York.
Branch Office, corner F and 7th Streets., Washington, D. C.

☞ CHEAPEST AND BEST! ☜

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.

FULL SIZE PAPER PATTERNS.

☞ A SUPPLEMENT will be given in every number for 1880, containing a full-size pattern for a lady's or child's dress. Every subscriber will receive, during the year, twelve of these patterns, worth more, alone, than the subscription price. ☜

"PETERSON'S MAGAZINE" contains, every year, 1,000 pages, 14 steel plates, 12 colored Berlin patterns, 12 mammoth colored fashion plates, 24 pages of music, and about 900 wood cuts. Its principal embellishments are

SUPERB STEEL ENGRAVINGS.

Its immense circulation enables its proprietor to spend more on embellishments, stories, &c., than any other. It gives more for the money, and combines more merits, than any in the world. In 1880, a NEW FEATURE will be introduced in the shape of a series of

Splendidly Illustrated Articles.

ITS TALES AND NOVELETS

are the best published anywhere. All the most popular writers are employed to write originally for "PETERSON." In 1880, FIVE ORIGINAL NOVELETS will be given, by Ann S. Stephens, Frank Lee Benedict, Frances Hodgson Burnett, &c., &c., and stories by Jane G. Austin, by the author of "Josiah Allen's Wife," by Rebecca Harding Davis, and all the best female writers.

Mammoth Colored Fashion Plates

ahead of all others. These plates are engraved on steel, TWICE THE USUAL SIZE, and are unequalled for beauty. They will be superbly colored. Also, Household and other receipts; articles on "Wax-Work Flowers," "Management of Infants; in short everything interesting to ladies.

TERMS--always in advance--$2 A YEAR.

☞ UNPARALLED OFFERS TO CLUBS. ☜

2 copies for $3.50, 3 copies for $4.50, with a copy of the premium picture (24 x 30) a costly steel engraving, "Washington at Valley Forge," to the person getting up the Club.

4 copies for $6.50, 6 copies for $9.00, with an extra copy of the Magazine for 1880, as a premium to the person getting up the Club.

5 copies for $8.00, 7 copies for $10.50, with both an extra copy of the Magazine for 1880, and the premium picture, to the person getting up the Club.

For larger Clubs still greater inducements.
Address, post-paid,
CHARLES J. PETERSON,
306 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

☞ Specimens sent gratis, if written for, to get up clubs with.

THE DAILY OBSERVER,
published by
CHAS. R. JONES, in Charlotte, N. C.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

Daily 1 year, (post paid) in advance		$8.00
" 6 mos	"	4.00
" 3 mos.	"	2.00
" 1 mon.	"	70 cts.

THE RALEIGH OBSERVER,
A Daily and Weekly
DEMOCRATIC NEWSPAPER,
Published in Raleigh
BY S. A. ASHE.
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION--IN ADVANCE:

Daily Observer, one year		$6 00
" "	six months	3 50
" "	three months	2 00
Weekly "	one year	2 00
" "	six months	1 00

Address
THE OBSERVER,
Raleigh, N. C.

NEW GOODS

AT THE OLD STAND OF F. FRIES,

SALEM, N. C.

IN ORDER TO SUPPLY THE INCREASING DEMAND FOR GOODS AT THIS OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE, I have had a buyer in the Northern cities to make selections in person, and now have ready for inspection

A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK,

to which I invite the attention of my old

Wholesale and Retail Customers,

and all who may wish to buy.

The stock is FULL in every branch, including

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, &c., &c.

It would be too tedious to enumerate all the attractions, but would particularly call attention to the fine selection of SHAWLS, DRESS GOODS, PLAIDS, OPERA, RED AND WHITE FLANNELS, REPELLANTS, CASHMERES, NOTIONS, GENTLEMEN'S & LADIES' FINE MERINO UNDERWEAR, ZIEGLER & BROTHER'S HAND SEWED BOOTS, AND LADIES' FINE SHOES.

I will also sell, as heretofore, the Goods of F. & H. FRIES, HOLT'S, RANDLEMAN'S AND CONCORD PLAIDS. Also the different brands of RANDOLPH SHEETINGS at FACTORY PRICES.

I have the agency for the sale of **J. & P. COAT'S CELEBRATED SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON,** at PHILADELPHIA PRICES. This thread is acknowledged to have no superior in the market.

I also continue the agency of the justly celebrated

AVERY PLOWS,

which have, by numerous trials, proved to be superior to any heretofore introduced in this section. In addition to their excellence, the price should induce every farmer to buy them.

Give me a call, and I will satisfy you that I intend to sell you

A GOOD BARGAIN

in anything I have to offer, as I have bought exclusively for CASH, thereby giving my customers the benefit of all cash discounts, and will sell my goods at a very short profit.

H. W. FRIES.

Salem, N. C., Oct. 23, 1879.

GEO. W. HINSHAW. W. M. HINSHAW.

HINSHAW BROTHERS,

(SHALLOWFORD ST., OPPOSITE PIEDMONT WAREHOUSE,)

WINSTON, N. C.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Generai Merchandise, Guano,

Grass Seeds, Fertilizers and Country Produce.

WE ARE PLEASED TO ANNOUNCE THAT OUR TRADE HAS steadily increased, and that our business has been very satisfactory. We take this opportunity to render thanks for our liberal patronage, and at the same time assure our customers that we not only intend to maintain our present trade, but will use every fair, honest and legitimate means to increase it. And with this determination, we shall add to our already very large stock such goods, from time to time, as our trade may call for. We will always have in stock a full line of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Unbleached and Bleached Domestics, Cambrics, Drillings, Plaids, Flannels, Linseys, Tickings, Shawls, Skirts, Merino Shirts and Drawers for Ladies and Gentlemen, Blankets, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Jeans, Cottonades, a full line of Fries' Jeans, Sheeting and Yarns, large stock of Notions, Hats, Stationery, School Books, Shoes and Boots, Hardware, Nails, Axes, Saws, Hammers, Kettles, Pots, Ovens and Lids, Horse and Mule Shoes, Cutlery, Locks, Hinges, Screws, Class, Putty, Rope, Buckets, Tubs, Kegs, Grindstones, Drugs, Patent Medicines, Dye-Stuffs, Oils, Canned Fruits, Varnishes. Syrups, Salt, Meat, Lard, Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Candles, Jellies, Oysters, Crackers, Candies, Flour, Meal, Chop, Corn, Wheat, Rye, Oats, Sole and Upper Leather.

We will continue to keep the

Best Stock of ALPACAS in Town,

and make them a SPECIALTY. Also have a good assortment of SILKS, CASHMERES, &c.

We are the exclusive Agents here of the Winchester, Va., **BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY,** and will keep a full assortment of Ladies', Misses', Children's and Men's **SHOES** and **BOOTS,** and will sell them at reasonable prices and *guarantee every pair to wear well and give satisfaction.*

We ask special attention to these Shoes and to the Winchester All Wool Cassimers which for style, durability and price are not equalled. For sale only by us. Country merchants and others will take notice that we are handling Coffees, Sugars and Meats in large quantities and will made a specialty of them.

ALLISON & ADDISON'S

"STAR BRAND"

COMPLETE MANURE FOR TOBACCO AND WHEAT,

Is the cheapest Fertilizer, according to grade, on the market, and has given almost universal satisfaction. Standard guaranteed. We refer to 1,000 farmers, in this and adjoining counties, who have been and are using it. We also keep fresh ground Plaster and No. 1. Peruvian Guano. Our wheat manure has given better results and more general satisfaction than any Fertilizer ever sold.

All our Seeds are First-Class and there is no better time to sow than in the Fall.

Dried Fruits and all Country Produce taken in exchange for Merchandise.

We invite all to come and examine our Stock and Prices before purchasing. Our salesmen are experienced, attentive and polite.

Respectfully,

August 28, 1879. **HINSHAW BROTHERS.**

ORGANS! PIANOS! MUSIC!

AND

GENERAL MUSICAL MERCHANDISE!

The people of Forsyth and surrounding Counties are invited to the

MUSIC STORE, MAIN ST., WINSTON,

to examine the stock of

FIRST-CLASS ORGANS and PIANOS.

W. P. ORMSBY is in direct connection with the leading manufacturers, and he calls the attention of all parties needing instruments, to the fact that he is established here in their own section, and as he intends making good every warrant he gives with the instrtments he sells, they will find it much safer to deal with him than with the dealers advertising from remote parts of the country.

This being a BRANCH HOUSE of the celebrated music publishers **DITSON & CO.,** of New York, customers can select from the newest and best music of the day. All orders filled, mail free, at publishers' rates.

Pianos and Organs repaired and tuned and Old Instruments taken in exchange.

Medical Men, Mechanics and Operators all recommend the famous light-running

Domestic Sewing Machine,

for the following reasons:

It is the Lightest running.
It is the most noiseless.
It is the simplest and best made machine.
Its tension is elastic, so it breaks no thread.
It carries a larger bobbin and more thread than any other machine.
It winds the bobbin without running the machine or throwing off the driving band.
It is made with *Concentric motions and will not wear out.*

The **DOMESTIC** has gone far ahead of all other machines in all the cities of the United States, and has never before been offered in competition with cheap machines.

For terms, for **CASH** or **INSTALLMENT,** call at the Company's

BRANCH OFFICE,

in the **MUSIC STORE,** Winston, opposite the Merchants Hotel.

Old Machines taken in Exchange,

W. P. ORMSBY, Agent.
WINSTON, N. C.

November 13, 1879. No. 46. 6:no.

Nissen Wagon Manufacturing Co

Wagons, Carts, Wheelbarrows, &c.

ESTABLISHED BY J. P. NISSEN, 1834.

Post Office SALEM, N. C.

WORKS AT Waughtown.

Best is always cheapest in the end.

WE are better prepared for making wagons than ever before, having a much larger and better stock of thoroughly air-seasoned lumber, and the best wagon mechanics to be procured.

We employ no apprentices, and always endeavor to make

OUR WORK OUR BEST ADVERTISEMENT

AND GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

All who use wagons must not forget that first-class work cost more and is worth more than cheap work.

We also keep a large stock of **BUILDING LUMBER and LONG LEAF SHINGLES,** at lowest prices.

Waughtown, Forsyth County, N. C., Feb 27, 1878---no9tf.

JOHN GATLING, President, W. H. CROW, Vice-President
W. S. PRIMROSE, Secretary and Treasurer,
P. COWPER Adjuster and Supervisor.

NORTH CAROLINA

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,

RALEIGH, N. C.

INSURES ALL Insurable Against Loss or

CLASSES OF Property, Damage by Fire.

On the Most Reasonable Terms.

☞ **Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.** ☜

☞ **Encourage Home Institutions.** ☜

J. W. BEARD, Agent, at Kernersville, N. C.
J. A. LINEBACK, Agent, at Salem, N. C.

NOTION & VARIETY STORE,

SALEM, N. C

REMOVED TO THE BELO BUILDING.

LADIES:

Anticipating a fine trade this season, we have bought largely, and now have the pleasure of inviting your attention to

AN ATTRACTIVE SUMMER STOCK

at prices surprisingly cheap.

A beautiful line of Galloon and Hercules Braids, Ball and other Worsted Fringes, so much in demand for Cloak and Dress Trimmings.

Newest styles in Buttons, Gloves, Hosiery, Ribbons, Laces, Neckwear, &c.

A full line of Zephyrs, Germantown and Shetland Wools always on hand.

Have just added to our Stock a nice line of Perfumeries, Hair Oils, &c.

We call particular attention to our beautiful line of Glass and Lava Ware, suitable for Christmas and Birthday presents *just received*, consisting of Toilet Setts, Vases, Card Stands

☞ Those at a distance will be amply repaid by a visit to our Store.

In the selection of Goods the interest of the customer is kept constantly in view, knowing that taking care of those who buy of us is equivalent to taking care of ourselves, thus, winning our customers' confidence and their continued patronage.

Respectfully,

tf. ***J. BLICKENDERFER.***